



S1500 NP

Distributed by: Temperature & Process Instruments, Inc. 1767 Central Park Ave. Suite 112 Yonkers, NY 10703

Phone: 914-673-0333

Web Site: www.tnp-instruments.com



manner, even electronically, is strictly prohibited unless explicitly authorised in writing by Seitron Americas Inc.

TABLE OF CONTENTS



| 1.0 | IMPORTANT INFORMATION | 07 |
|------------|--|----------------------------------|
| | 1.1 Information about this manual | 07 |
| | 1.2 Safety warnings | 07 |
| 2.0 | SAFETY | 08 |
| | 2.1 Safety check | 08 |
| | 2.2 Intended use of the product | 08 |
| | 2.3 Improper use of the product | 08 |
| | 2.4 Precautions for the usage of the Li-lon battery packag | |
| 3.0 | WORKING PRINCIPLE | 09 |
| <u> </u> | 3.1 Working principle | 09 |
| | 3.2 Measuring sensors | 09 |
| 4.0 | DESCRIPTION OF THE PRODUCT | 10 |
| | 4.1 General Description of the Combustion Analyzer | 10 |
| | 4.2 General Characteristics of the Combustion Analyzer | 10 |
| | 4.3 Overview of Flue Gas Analyzer Components | 13 |
| | 4.3.1 Keypad | 14 |
| | 4.3.2 Display | 14 |
| | 4.3.3 Printer | 14 15 15 15 |
| | 4.3.4 B-Type USB connector | 15 |
| | 4.3.5 Serial connector (Mini Din 8 poli) | 15 |
| | 4.3.6 Pneumatic connector inputs / TC-K | 15 |
| <u>5.0</u> | MAIN CONFIGURATIONS | 16 |
| C O | | |
| <u>6.0</u> | TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS | 17 |
| | 6.1 Technical specifications | 17 |
| | 6.2 Measurement and Accuracy Ranges | 18 |
| 7.0 | USING THE FLUE GAS ANALYZER | 19 |
| | 7.1 Preliminary operations | 19 |
| | 7.2 Warnings | 19 |
| | 7.3 Power supply of the Analyzer | 20 |
| | 7.3.1 Checking and replacing the batteries | 20 20 20 20 20 21 |
| | 7.3.2 Use with external power pack | 20 |
| | 7.4 QR code generation | 20 |
| | 7.5 Connection diagram | 21 |
| 8.0 | POWER ON - OFF | 22 |
| | 8.1 Starting the device | 22 |
| 0.0 | | |
| <u>9.0</u> | FLUE GAS ANALYSIS | 23 |
| | 9.1 Flue gas analysis | 23 on 23 |
| | 9.1.1 Switching on the instrument and auto-calibration | on 23 |



TABLE OF CONTENTS



| | | 9.1.2 Inserting the probe in the stack | 23 |
|--------------|-------------|--|----------------------------|
| | | 9.1.3 Simultaneous measurement of pressure, O ₂ , pollutants | 23 23 |
| | 9.2 | Flue gas analysis - Preliminary operations | 25 |
| | 9.3 | Performing the Combustion Analysis - Manual mode | 27 |
| | 9.4 | Performing the Combustion Analysis - Data logger mode | 29 |
| | 9.5 | End of Analysis | 25 27 29 31 |
| | | | |
| 10 0 | CON | FIGURATION | 22 |
| 10.0 | | Configuration Menu | 33 |
| | 10.1 | Configuration Menu Configuration=>Analysis | 33 34 |
| | 10.2 | 10.2.1 Configuration=>Analysis=>Fuel | 35 35 |
| | | 10.2.2 Configuration=>Analysis=>Condensation | 36 |
| | | 10.2.3 Configuration=>Analysis=>Condensation 10.2.3 Configuration=>Analysis=>O ₂ reference | 36 37 |
| | | 10.2.4 Configuration=>Analysis=>O ₂ reference | 30 |
| | | 10.2.5 Configuration=>Analysis=>Measurement units | 38 39 40 |
| | | 10.2.6 Configuration=>Analysis=>Autozero | 40 |
| | | 10.2.7 Configuration=>Analysis=>Measures list | <u>40</u> |
| | | 10.2.8 Configuration=>Analysis=>Air temperature | 41 43 |
| | 10.3 | Configuration=>Instrument | 44 |
| | 10.0 | 10.3.1 Configuration=>Instrument=>Bluetooth | 44 45 46 47 |
| | | 10.3.2 Configuration=>Instrument=>Time/Date | 46 |
| | | 10.3.3 Configuration=>Instrument=>Brightness | 47 |
| | | 10.3.4 Configuration=>Instrument=>Pump | 48 |
| | | 10.3.5 Configuration=>Instrument=>CO dilutor | 49 |
| | | 10.3.6 Configuration=>Instrument=>Micromanometer | 50 |
| | 10.4 | Configuration=>Operator | 50 51 |
| | | Configuration=>Alarm | 53 |
| | 10.6 | | 55 |
| | | 10.6.1 Configuration=>Information=>Battery | 56 |
| | | 10.6.2 Configuration=>Information=>Sensors | 57 |
| | | 10.6.3 Configuration=>Information=>InfoService | 58 |
| | | 10.6.4 Configuration=>Information=>Reminder | 59 |
| | | 10.6.5 Configuration=>Information=>Probe | 60 |
| | 10.7 | Configuration=>Diagnostic | 61 |
| | | 10.7.1 Configuration=>Diagnostic=>Sensors | 62 |
| | | 10.7.2 Configuration=>Diagnostic=>Gas probe | 63 |
| | | 10.7.3 Configuration=>Diagnostic=>Hardware | 64 65 |
| | | 10.7.4 Configuration=>Diagnostic=>Pump | 65 |
| | | 10.7.5 Configuration=>Diagnostic=>On site calibration | 66 |
| | <u>10.8</u> | Configuration=>Language | 73 74 |
| | <u>10.9</u> | Configuration=>Restore | 74 |
| | | | |
| <u> 11.0</u> | MEM | ORY | 75 |
| | <u>11.1</u> | Memory Menu | 75 77 78 80 81 |
| | | 11.1.1 Memory Organization | 77 |
| | | Memory Menu=>Save | 78 |
| | | Memory Menu=>Average | 80 |
| | <u>11.4</u> | Memory Menu=>Select | 81 |
| | | 11.4.1 Memory=>Recall | 82 |
| | | Memory=>Data logger | 85 |
| | <u>11.6</u> | Memory=>Delete | 86 |
| | | 11.6.1 Memory=>Delete=>Single | 87 |

TABLE OF CONTENTS



| | | 11.6.2 Memory=>Delete=>All | 88 |
|-------------|--------------|--|------------|
| | <u>11.7</u> | Memory=>Usage | 89 |
| | | | |
| 12 | 0 PRIN | т | 90 |
| 14 | | Print Menu | 90 |
| | | Print=>Report | 91 |
| | 12.3 | | 92 |
| | 12.0 | 12.3.1 Print=>Printer=>Pairing | 93 |
| | 12.4 | Print=>Printer | 95 |
| | | Print=>Header | 96 |
| | | Print=>Measures list | 98 |
| 12 | 0 | | 400 |
| 13. | | SUREMENTS | 100 |
| | | Measurements Menu | 100 |
| | | Measurements=>Draft | 102 |
| | | Measurements=>Smoke | 103 104 |
| | | Measurements=>Ambient CO Measurements=>Temperature | 104 |
| | | Measurements=>Pressure | 105 |
| | 13.7 | | 100 |
| | 13.8 | | 108 |
| | 10.0 | 13.8.1 How to connect the Pitot tube to the instrument | 109 |
| | | 13.8.2 Test execution | 110 |
| | 13.9 | | 111 |
| | 1010 | 13.9.1 Testing in 'Manual' mode | 112 |
| | | 13.9.2 Testing in 'Measure' mode (based on Flow rate) | 113 |
| | | 13.9.3 Testing in 'Measure' mode (based on meter) | 114 |
| | 13.10 | Measurements=>Ionization Current | 116 |
| | 13.11 | Measurements=>Ventilation | 117 |
| | | | |
| 1/ | 0 SENS | 20De | 420 |
| <u> </u> | | | 120 120 |
| | 14.1 | Sensors arrangement | 120 |
| | 14.2 14.3 | | 120 121 |
| | 14.4 | | 121 |
| | 14.4 | Ods serisors life table | 121 |
| <u>15</u> . | 0 MAIN | ITENANCE | 122 |
| | | Routine maintenance | 122 |
| | 15.2 | Preventive maintenance | 122 |
| | 15.3 | Replacing the gas sensors | 123 |
| | 15.4 | Replacing the battery pack | 127 |
| 16 . | 0 TROI | JBLESHOOTING | 128 |
| | | Troubleshooting guide | 128 |
| 17 . | | RE PARTS AND SERVICING | 130 |
| | 17.1 | Spare parts | 130 |
| | | Accessories | 130 |
| | | Service Centers | 131 |



| ANNEX A - Data management with "SEITRON SMART ANALYSIS APP" | 133 |
|---|-----|
| ANNEX B - Total example analysis report | 135 |
| ANNEX C - Coefficients of fuels and formulas | 138 |
| ANNEX D - Optional measurements list | 139 |
| WARRANTY CERTIFICATE | 141 |

1.0 IMPORTANT INFORMATION



1.1 Information about this manual

- This manual describes the operation and the characteristics and the maintenance of the Combustion Analyzer S1500 NP.
- > Read this operation and maintenance manual before using the device. The operator must be familiar with the manual and follow the instructions carefully.
- This use and maintenance manual is subject to change due to technical improvements the manufacturer assumes no responsibility for any mistakes or misprints.

1.2 Danger levels and other symbols



The magnets in the back of the instrument can damage credit cards, hard driver, mechanical watches, pacemakers, defibrillators and other devices proven sensitive to magnetic fields. It is recommended to keep the instrument at a distance of at least 25cm away from these devices.

| Symbol | Meaning | Comments |
|---|-------------------------|---|
| ٨ | | Read information carefully and prepare safety appropriate action! |
| <u>\i\</u> | WARNING | To prevent any danger from personnel or other goods. Disobey of this manual may cause danger to personnel, the plant or the environment and may lead to liability loss. |
| Information Service Seitron Americas Inc. 4622 E. Street Rd Trevose, PA 19053 Tel: (215) 660-9777 Email: service@ seitronamericas.com | Information on LCD | |
| | Ensure correct disposal | Dispose of the battery pack at the end of its working life only at the dedicated collecting bin. |
| | Endard derroot disposal | The customer takes care, at his own cost, that at the end of its working life the product is collected separately and it gets correctly recycled. |
| C C ESC | | |



Keyboard with preformed keys with main control functions.

2.0 SAFETY



2.1 Safety check

- Use the product according to what is described in chapter "Intended purpose".
- During the instrument operation, comply with the current standards.
- Do not use the instrument if damaged on the outer cover, on the power supply plug or on the cables.
- Do not take measures on non-isolated components / voltage conductors.
- · Keep the instrument away from solvents.
- For the maintenance of the instrument, strictly comply with what's described in this manual at the "Maintenance" chapter.
- All the interventions not specified in this manual, may be performed exclusively by Seitron Americas
 assistance centers. Otherwise, Seitron Americas declines every responsibility about the normal operation of
 the instrument and on the validity of the several homologations.

2.2 Intended purpose

This chapter describes the areas of application for which the S1500 NP is intended.

Using the S1500 NP in other application areas is on the risk of the operator and the manufacturer assumes no responsibility and liability for loss, damage or costs which could be a result. It is mandatory to read and pay attention to the operating/maintenance manual.

All products of the series S1500 NP are handheld measuring devices in professional flue gas analysis for:

- Small furnaces (burning oil, gas, wood, coal)
- · Low-temperature and condensing boilers
- · Gas heaters

Due to other configuration with electrochemical sensors it is possible to use the measuring instrument in following application area:

- · Service engineers/mechanics of burner/boiler manufacturers
- Service industrial combustion plants

Additional functions of the measuring instrument:

Flue gas analysis according to BlmSchV or qA-mean value (selectable)

- · Calculating of stack heat loss and efficiency
- CO and NO environment measurement
- · Store Smoke value, calculating mean value
- Measuring differential pressure
- Draft measurement

2.3 Improper use of the product

The use of S1500 NP in application areas other than those specified in Section 2.1 "Intended use of the product" is to be considered at the operator's risk and the manufacturer assumes no responsibility for the loss damage or costs that may result. It is compulsory to read and pay attention to the instructions in this use and maintenance manual.

S1500 NP should not be used:

- For continuous measurements > 1h
- · As safety alarm instrument

2.4 Precautions for the usage of the Li-lon battery package

Pay attention while handling the battery package inside the instrument; a wrong or improper usage may lead to heavy physical injuries and/or damages:

- Do not create a short circuit: make sure that the terminals are not in contact with metal or other conductive materials during transportation or storage.
- · Do not apply with inverted polarities.
- Do not make the batteries come in contact with liquid substances.
- Do not burn the batteries nor expose to temperature higher than 140 °F (60°C).
- Do not try to disassemble the battery.
- Do not cause collisions or pierce the batteries. Improper use can cause damages and internal short circuits not always externally visible. If the battery package has fallen or has been hit with an hard surface, regardless the external shell condition:
 - Stop operation;
 - Dispose of the battery in compliance with the disposal instructions;
- Do not use batteries with leaks or damages.
- Charge the batteries only inside the instrument.
- If a malfunction occurs or if over heating signs occur, immediately remove the battery package from the instrument. Warning: the battery may be hot.



3.0 WORKING PRINCIPLE



3.1 Working principle

The gas sample is taken in through the gas probe, by a diaphragm suction pump inside the instrument.

The measuring probe has a sliding cone that allows the probe to be inserted in holes with a diameter of 0.4 to 0.6 inches (11 mm to 16 mm) and to adjust the immersion depth: the gas picking point must be roughly in the centre of the flue section.

The sample gas to be analyzed shall reach the measurement sensors after being properly dehumidified and purified from the residual combustion products. To this purpose, a condensate trap is used, which consists of a transparent polycarbonate cylinder placed along the rubber hose of the sampling probe. Its purpose is to decrease the air speed so that the heavier fine dust particles can precipitate and the vapour in the combustion gases can condensate.

The condensate trap must be always kept in the vertical position in order to prevent condensate from touching the measurement sensors. This is also the reason why it is important to periodically drain the trap, anyhow at the end of each test.

A replaceable low-porosity line filter is placed after the condensate trap aimed at keeping the solid particles suspended in the gases. It is recommended to replace the filter whenever visibly dirty (see chapter 9.7 End of Analysis).

The gas is then analyzed in its components by electrochemical and infrared sensors.

The electrochemical cell guarantees high precision results in a time interval of up to about 60 minutes during which the instrument can be considered very stable. When measurement is going to take a long time, we suggest auto-zeroing the instrument again and flushing the inside of the pneumatic circuit for three minutes with clean air. During the zero calibrating phase, the instrument aspirates clean air from the environment and detects the sensor drift from zero (20.95% for the O2 cell), then compares them with the programmed values and compensates them. The pressure sensor autozero must, in all cases, be done manually prior to measuring pressure.

The values measured and calculated by the microprocessor are viewed on the LCD display which is backlit to ensure easy reading even when lighting is poor.

3.2 Measurement sensors

Oxygen (%O2) is measured with an electrochemical cell that acts like a battery which, over time, is apt to lose sensitivity.

The toxic gases (CO) are measured with electrochemical sensors that are not subject to natural deterioration being intrinsically lacking of oxidation processes.

The measurement sensors are electrochemical sensors made up of an anode, a cathode, and an electrolytic solution, which depends on the type of gas to be analysed. The gas penetrates the cell through a selective diffusion membrane and generates an electric current proportional to the absorbed gas. Such current is measured, digitalized, temperature-compensated, processed by the microprocessor, and displayed.

The gas shall not be at a pressure such to damage or destroy sensors.

The maximum estimated allowed pressure is ±100mbar gage.

The response times of the measurement sensors used in the analyser are:

O2 = 20 sec. at 90% of the measured value CO(H2) = 50 sec. at 90% of the measured value

It is therefore suggested to wait 5 minutes (anyway not less than 3 minutes) in order to get reliable analysis data. If sensors of poison gases are submitted to concentrations higher than 50% of their measurement range for more than 10 minutes continuously, they can show up to $\pm 2\%$ drift as well as a longer time to return to zero. In this case, before turning off the analyser, it is advisable to wait for the measured value be lower than 20ppm by in taking clean air. If there is an automatic calibration solenoid, the device performs an automatic cleaning cycle and it turns off when the sensors return to a value close to zero..

The CO sensor can be protected from high gas concentrations through the dilution function which allows for a wider measurement range of the sensor without overcharging the sensor itself.

The dilution function allows the CO sensor to always be efficient and ready to respond even in the case of very high concentrations of CO.



4.0 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION



4.1 General Description of the Combustion Analyser

The design of the handheld combustion analyser "S1500 NP/S4500 NP" is clean and ergonomic with an extremely clear and user-friendly keypad.

"S1500 NP/S4500 NP" immediately suggests just how even the most sophisticated engineering can give life to an incredibly comfortable and easy to use work instrument.

Devised to analyse flue gases, monitor the pollutants emitted and measure environmental parameters, "S1500 NP/S4500 NP" uses two electrochemical sensors that provide the oxygen and carbon monoxide values.

Two external sensors measure the environmental parameters; it is also possible to measure flue draft and carbon black and, with the measuring range of up to 200mbar, system pressure and pressure in the combustion chamber can be measured and the pressure switches checked.

Intended for eleven main types of combustibles amongst which natural gas, LPG, diesel and fuel oil, it is also possible to insert into the memory of "S1500 NP/S4500 NP" another 16 combustibles of which the chemical composition is known. The functions of "S1500 NP/S4500 NP" include the storage and the average of the data acquired, plus the possibility of connecting the device to a computer to store to data via USB connection.

Its memory is able to store 1000 complete analyses and using the dedicated SW and mini-USB serial communication cable it is possible to download the data to a PC.

It also has a bright and wide (2,17 x 3,74 inches) TFT colour display that has an excellent readability also thanks to the zoom function and the backlight.

Another characteristic that distinguishes it from other similar products in the market is the fact the power supply that comes with the product can carry out the dual function of battery charger and power supply for the instrument which means the user can carry out analyses even if the batteries are completely flat.

Another important function is the possibility of carrying out an autozero cycle with the probe inside the stack, exploiting a sophisticated flow deviation system.

As for maintenance, it is useful to know that the sensors can be replaced by the user himself without having to send the device to a service centre because the sensors are pre-calibrated; it will however be necessary to get the device calibrated at least once a year.

Also

- Operator interface: user-friendly so much so that it can be used without the instruction manual.
- Wide and bright TFT colour display: great readability thanks to the Zoom function and to an efficient backlight.
- **Single "Li-lon" battery package**: rechargeable for powering the instrument and the printer, indicating the charge level and is accessible from outside.
- Pneumatic input connectors (gas and pressure/draft) staying inside the profile of the instrument: for greater resistance to knocks.
- Precalibrated sensors, directly replaceable by the user.

4.2 General features of the Flue Gas Analyzer

The portable analyzer S1500 NP has been carefully designed in accordance with regulatory requirements and the specific needs of the customers.

The device contains a single board with all the basic operating circuits, pre-calibrated measuring sensors, a gas extraction pump, a solenoid valve, a dilution pump, a membrane keyboard, a TFT backlit graphic display and a high-capacity "Li-lon" rechargeable battery pack. The two halves of the casing are securely fastened together with seven screws on the back of the device.

The pneumatic circuit and the measuring sensors with electronic module are positioned in the back of the casing and they are accessible, for rapid maintenance and replacement, by removing the magnet cover in the lower part of the device. On the bottom part of the analyzer are the pneumatic connectors for gas sampling and for the measurement of the pressure/draft: the T1 connector to connect the gas probe thermocouple plug and the T2 connector to connect the combustion air probe thermocouple plug. On the right side of the device are the B-type USB connector for the connection of the external power source or of the PC and the 8-pole mini DIN connector for the serial interface or for an external probe (optional).

The user interface includes a TFT graphic display with back light always active and a membrane keyboard. The menu screens and all the operator messages can be set in the desired language.

The use of the analyzer is simplified by the symbol keys with direct access to the most important functions. Navigation through the various menu screens is easy and intuitive.

Gas extraction pump

The sample pump located inside the instrument is a DC-motor-driven diaphragm pump, powered by the instrument, and is such as to obtain optimal flow of the sampled gas being analysed; an internal sensor that measures the flow allows to:

- Keep the flow rate of the pump constant
- Check the efficiency of the pump
- Check the degree of clogging of the filters





Simultaneous measurement of pressures, O2, pollutants

The instrument, to obtain boiler's perfect combustion parameters, allows to measure simultaneously the input and output pressure of the gas valve, the level of O2, the levels of pollutants and all the calculated parameters needed to obtain the correct value of yield.

See section 9.1.3.

Measurement sensors

The instrument uses precalibrated gas sensors of the long-lasting FLEX-Sensor series for measuring oxygen (O2) and carbon monoxide CO (compensated in hydrogen H_2). An automatic internal device dilutes the concentration of CO when the instrument measures high concentrations. The diluting system also allows the CO sensor measuring range to be extended up to 100.000 ppm (for full scale 8,000ppm sensor). The valve for the optional automatic fast autozero lets the operator turn the instrument on with the probe inserted in the flue. Up to 4 alarms can be programmed with visual and acoustic warning for the same number of measuring parameters. The measuring sensors are the electrochemical type.

The instrument must be calibrated once a year by an authorised laboratory to issue calibration certificates. When the sensors are flat they can be replaced easily by the user without having to send the instrument away and without complicated calibration procedures requiring sample mixtures as they are supplied already calibrated. Seitron Americas does, however, certify measurement accuracy only when a calibration certificate has been issued by its own laboratory or by an authorised laboratory.

Pressure sensor

The device is internally provided with a piezoresistive differential pressure sensor to measure the draft (negative pressure) of the stack for the tightness test of the piping and possible for other measurements (gas pressure in the network, loss of pressure through filters, etc.).

Fuel types

The device is provided with the technical data of the most common types of fuels stored in its memory. By using the PC configuration program, available as an optional, it is possible to add combustibles and their coefficients in order to define up to a maximum of 16 combustibles, other than the default ones. For more details see Annex C.

Smoke measurements

It is possible to enter the smoke values measured according to the Bacharach scale. The instrument will calculate the average and print the results in the analysis report.

An external pump, available as an optional, must be used to effect this measurement.

Measuring ambient CO

Probe for monitoring the concentration of CO and checking safe conditions in the boiler room.

Calibration certificate

The device comes with a calibration certificate compliant with standard ISO/IEC 17025.

Electromagnetic compatibility

The instrument was designed to comply with Council Directive 2014/30/EC governing electromagnetic compatibility. Seitron Americas' declaration of conformity may be found in Annex E.

PC Connection

With the provided USB cable or in Bluetooth (optional) mode it is possible to connect the instrument to a personal computer with Microsoft Windows 7 o later operative system, after installing the appropriate software **SmartFlue**, provided with the instrument.

Bluetooth[®] connection (if the instrument version provides it)

The S1500 NP analyzer is internally equipped with a Bluetooth® module, which allows the communication with the following remote devices:

- Bluetooth® printer
- Smartphone or tablet of latest generation on which the Google Android v.4.1 (Jelly Bean) or latter operative system is installed, after installing the proper SEITRON SMART ANALYSIS APP available on Google Play store
- PC with Microsoft Windows 7 or later operative system and **Bluetooth**® connection after installing the proper software **SmartFlue** provided with the instrument.

The maximum transmission range in open field is 100 meters, with the condition that the connected device has a **Bluetooth**[®] class 1 connection.

This solution allows superior operator freedom of movement, who is not directly connected to the instrument for acquisition and analysis operations, with remarkable advantages for many applications.





Available Software and applications

GAS

PC Software is provided with the instrument, with the following features:

- Displays the label data of the instrument.
- Configures the instrument.
- Remotely displays the real-time analysis coming from the portable analyzer and to save the acquired data.
- Displays and/or exports (in csv format, which can be opened with excel, and/or pdf) or delete the stored analyses.

Seitron Analysis App

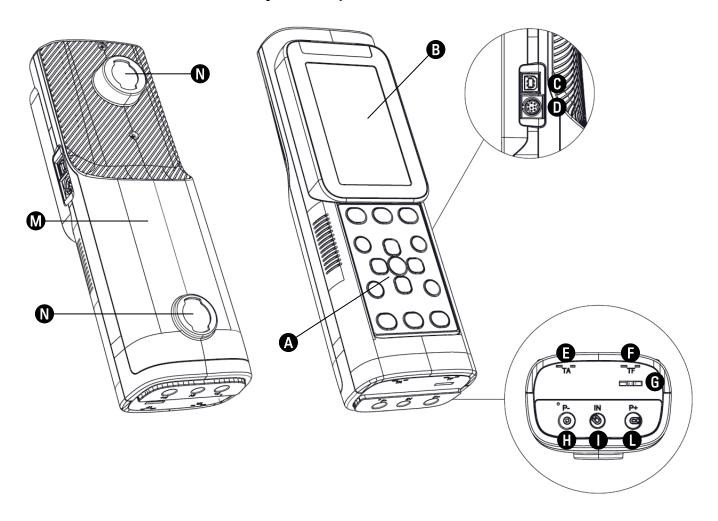
This APP for devices provided with **Google Android v.4.1 and later** operative system, allows to remotely show the real-time analysis coming from the portable analyzer and to save the acquired data.

The app also allows to scan the QR code generated by the instrument to download the data of the analyses and/ or of the performed measures.





4.3 Overview of Flue Gas Analyser Components



LEGEND

- A Keypad
- **B** Display
- B-type USB connector to connect the device to the power source or to a PC
- Serial cable connector for connection with accessory probes
- **E** TA Tc-K female connector to connect combustion air temperature probe
- F TF Tc-K female connector to connect gas probe

- **G** Gas output
- P connector- (negative input to measure draft)
- IN connector (gas exhaust probe input by means of a complete condensate separator unit)
- P+ connector (positive input to measure differential pressure)
- M Lid to access the battery / sensors compartment
- Magnets



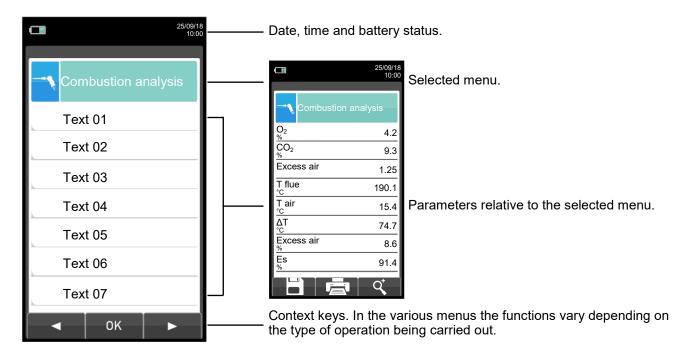
4.3.1 Keypad

Adhesive polyester keypad with preformed keys featuring main control functions:

| KEYS | FUNCTION |
|------------|---|
| | Activates the context keys shown on the display |
| | Turns the device On/Off |
| ESC | Exits the current screen |
| () () | Select and/or Modify |
| (OK) | Confirm settings |
| | Access to the Memory menu |

| KEYS | FUNCTION |
|--------------|---|
| | Access to the Printing menu |
| | Access to the Configuration menu |
| | Performs the analysis of the combustion |
| ② | Access to the Measurements menu |
| (+ ① | Backlight turn-off. |
| (OK) + (E) | QR code generation. |

4.3.2 Display



TFT 272 x 480 pixel backlit colour display with 21 characters available and 8 lines. Allows the user to view the measured parameters in the most comfortable format; a Zoom function displays the measured values in magnified form.

CAUTION:

If the instrument is exposed to extremely high or extremely low temperatures, the quality of the display may be temporarily impaired. Display appearance may be improved by acting on the contrast key.





Backlight

The backlight can be turned off with the simultaneous pressure on keys (+ (1)). The backlight is turned on when any key is pressed, except '(1)' key.

4.3.3 Printer

Thermal on thermal polyester or thermal paper. Thermal polyester cannot be altered and it is resistant to light, to temperature, to humidity and to water.

The print menu is accessed by pressing the relative key and, besides enabling read-out printing, the menu also allows you to modify print settings and to advance the paper manually so as to facilitate paper roll replacement.

4.3.4 B-Type USB connector

Connector to connect the device to a personal computer or to the battery charger.

The device comes with a feeder with output 5V===, 2A to charge the internal batteries. In (section 4.3) you can see the socket to connect the battery charger to the device. Once it has started charging, the display turns on and the charging state is displayed.

4.3.5 Serial connector (Mini Din 8-pole)

In (section 4.3) we find the socket of the serial cable for connecting the instrument to an external probe, for example, to the draft gauge (optional), or to the ionisation current probe (optional).

4.3.6 Pneumatic connector inputs / TC-K

Pneumatic connector "A": input for the gas sampling probe connection with the condensation separating

and anti-dust filter assembly.

Pneumatic connector "P-": negative input (P-) to be used in case of differential pressure measurements

together with P+ input.

Pneumatic connector "P+": positive input (P+) to be used to measure the pressure in general. It must be

connected to the second branch of the gas sampling probe in order to measure

the draft and analyze combustion at the same time.

WARNING: the inputs "P+" and "P-" are respectively the positive and the negative inputs of the internal differential pressure sensor, therefore they are used simultaneously to measure the differential pressure.

Female connector TC-K "T1": input for the connection of the male TC-K connector of the gas sampling probe.

Female connector TC-K "T2": input for the connection of the male TC-K connector of the combustion air

temperature probe.



5.0 MAIN CONFIGURATIONS



| | S1500-NP |
|--|----------|
| O2 SENSOR | ✓ |
| CO+H2 SENSOR | ✓ |
| NOT EXPANDABLE | ✓ |
| AUTOMATIC AUTOZERO | ✓ |
| CO DILUTION | ✓ |
| BLUETOOTH | ✓ |
| CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE | ✓ |
| QUICK GUIDE | ✓ |
| GAS SAMPLE PROBE 300mm (12") + 10' Dual Hose | ✓ |
| OUTDOOR PRIMARY AIR TEMPERATURE FOR CONDENSING CALCULATIONS | OPTION |
| CONDENSATE TRAP | ✓ |
| PRESSURE MEASURING KIT | ✓ |
| DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE MANOMETER | ✓ |
| BATTERY CHARGER | ✓ |
| USB CABLE | √ |
| 03B CABLL | |
| PC SOFTWARE | √ |



TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS 6.0



Technical Specifications

Charging time:

Autozero: Automatic autozero cycle.

Dilution: Expansion system of the CO sensor measuring range up to 100.000ppm

> (10.00%) programmable as a simple protection of the CO sensor with triggering threshold programmable by the user. Preset triggering threshold at

1500 ppm.

Gas measurement sensors: O2 and CO+H2.

All the functions and internal functions are checked and anomalies signaled. Self-diagnosis: Temperature measurement:

Double K thermocouple input with mini connector (ASTM E 1684-96) to

measure differential temperature (supply and return)

Measurement of ambient temp.: Via internal sensor or T2 thermocouple input with remote probe.

Type of combustible: 12 predefined by the factory and 16 that can be programmed by the user.

Li-lon battery pack with internal protection circuit. Power:

External 5Vdc 2A battery charger with female A-type USB connector + connection to the device with the same serial communication cable supplied. Battery charger:

5 hours to charge from 0% to 90% (6 hours for 100%). The device can also be charged by connecting it to the PC, the device must be turned off, the charging time depends on the output current from the PC and may be more

than 12 hours.

12 hours of non-stop operation. Instrument working time:

1000 complete data analyses, time and name of the customer can be stored. Internal data memory:

User data: 8 programmable user names.

Print-out heading: 4 lines x 24 characters, customizable by the user. Graphic 272 x 480 pixels, backlit, color TFT 4.3". Display:

USB with B-type connector Communication port:

Bluetooth (where provided): Class 1 / Communication distance: <100 meters (in open range). With replaceable cartridge, 99% efficient with 20um particles. Line filter:

Suction pump: 1.0 I/min heads at the flue up to 135mbar. Internal sensor to measure the flow of the pump. Measurement of flow:

Condensate trap: Outside the instrument.

Carbon black: Using an external hand pump; it is possible to enter and print the smoke

Gas pipes tested for leaks with separate printout of the result, by means of Leak test:

the attachment AACKT02 with automatic calculation of pipe volume.

Condensing boiler efficiency: Automatic recognition of the condensing boiler, with calculation and printout

of efficiency (>100%) on the LHV (Lower Heating Value).

Environmental gases: Measurement and separate printout of the ambient CO values.

By using the internal sensor connected to the port P-, resolution 0,1 Pa, Draft test:

accuracy 0,5 Pa. 23°F to 113°F (-5°C to +45°C) -4°F to 122°F (-20°C to +50°C) Operating temperature range: Storage temperature range:

20% to 80% RH Operating humidity range:

Protection grade: IP42

Air pressure: Atmospheric

Outer dimensions: Analyzer: 3.6" x 10,7" x 2,6" (W x H x D) (9,2 x 27,1 x 6,6 cm) 19.7" x 15.3" x 5.1" (W x H x Ď) (50 x 39 x 13 cm) Case:

Weight: Analyzer: ~ 2 lbs (0.9 Kg)





6.2 Measurement and Accuracy Ranges

| MEASUREMENT | SENSOR | RANGE | RESOLUTION | ACCURACY |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|------------|---|
| O ₂ | Electrochemical sensor | 0 25.0% vol | 0.1% vol | ±0.2% vol |
| CO with H₂ compensation | Electrochemical sensor | 0 8000 ppm | 1 ppm | ±10 ppm 0 200 ppm ±5% measured value 201 2000 ppm ±10% measured value 2001 8000 ppm |
| diluted | Electrochemical sensor | 10.00% vol | 0.01% vol | ±20% measured value |
| CO Low range with H ₂ compensation | Electrochemical sensor | 0 1000 ppm | 0.1 ppm | ±2 ppm 0 40.0 ppm ±5% measured value 40.1 1000.0 ppm |
| diluted | Electrochemical sensor | 6250 ppm | 10 ppm | ±20% measured value |
| со | Electrochemical sensor | 0 20000 ppm | 1 ppm | ±100 ppm 0 2000 ppm ±5% measured value 2001 4000 ppm ±10% measured value 4001 20000 ppm |
| diluted | Electrochemical sensor | 25% vol | 0.01% vol | ±20% measured value |
| со | Electrochemical sensor | 0 10.00% vol | 0.01% vol | ±0.1% vol 0 2.00 % ±5% measured value 2.01 10.00 % |
| CO high immunity H₂ | Electrochemical sensor | 0 8000 ppm | 1 ppm | ±20 ppm 0 400 ppm ±5% measured value ±10% measured value 401 8000 ppm |
| NO | Electrochemical sensor | 0 5000 ppm | 1 ppm | ±5 ppm 0 100 ppm ±5% measured value 101 5000 ppm |
| NO Low range | Electrochemical sensor | 0 500 ppm | 0.1 ppm | ±2 ppm 0 40.0 ppm ±5% measured value 40.1 500.0 ppm |
| NOx | Calculated | | | |
| SO ₂ | Electrochemical sensor | 0 5000 ppm | 1 ppm | ±5 ppm 0 100 ppm ±5% measured value 101 5000 ppm |
| SO ₂ Low range | Electrochemical sensor | 0 500 ppm | 0.1 ppm | ±2 ppm 0 40.0 ppm ±5% measured value 40.1 500.0 ppm |
| NO ₂ | Electrochemical sensor | 0 1000 ppm | 1 ppm | ±5 ppm 0 100 ppm ±5% measured value 101 1000 ppm |
| NO₂ Low range | Electrochemical sensor | 0 500 ppm | 0.1 ppm | ±2 ppm 0 40.0 ppm ±5% measured value 40.1 500.0 ppm |
| СхНу | Pellistor sensor | 0 5.00% vol | 0.01% vol | ±0.25% vol |
| CO ₂ | Calculated | 0 99.9% vol | 0.1% vol | |
| CO ₂ | NDIR sensor | 0 20.0% vol | 0.1% vol | ±0.3% vol |
| PI* (CO/CO₂ ratio) | Calculated | | 0.01% | |
| Air temperature | TcK sensor | -20.0 1250.0 °C | 0.1 °C | ±0.5 °C 0 100 °C ±0.5% measured value 101 1250 °C |
| Flue gas temperature | TcK sensor | -20.0 1250.0 °C | 0.1 °C | ±0.5 °C 0 100 °C ±0.5% measured value 101 1250 °C |
| Pressure | Piezoelectric sensor | -250.0 250.0 Pa | 0.1 Pa | ±0,5 Pa -10.0 +10.0 Pa ±2 Pa +10.1 +250.0 Pa ±2 Pa -10.1250.0 Pa |
| Pressure (draft & differential) | Piezoelectric sensor | -10.00 200.00 hPa | 0.01hPa | ±1% measured value |
| Differential temperature | Calculated | 0 1250.0 °C | 0.1 °C | |
| Air index | Calculated | 0.00 9.50 | 0.01 | |
| Excess air | Calculated | 0 850 % | 1 % | |
| Stack loss | Calculated | 0.0 100.0 % | 0.1 % | |
| Efficiency | Calculated | 0.0 100.0 % | 0.1 % | |
| Efficiency (condensing) | Calculated | 0.0 120.0 % | 0.1 % | |
| Smoke index | External instrument | 09 | | |

^{*} The Poison Index ratio (P.I.) is a reliable indicator of a boiler or burner good operation. It only takes a simple flue gas test to determine whether or not a service is needed to fix the system.



7.0 USING THE FLUE GAS ANALYSER



7.1 Preliminary operations

Remove the instrument from its packing and check it for damage. Make sure that the content corresponds to the items ordered.

If signs of tampering or damage are noticed, notify the SEITRON AMERICAS service center or agent immediately and keep the original packing. A label at the rear of the analyzer bears the serial number.

This serial number should always be stated when requesting technical assistance, spare parts or clarification on the product or its use.

SEITRON AMERICAS maintains an updated database for each and every instrument.

Before using for the first time we recommend you charge the batteries completely.

7.2 WARNING

• Use the instrument with an ambient temperature between 23° and 113°F (-5° and +45°C).



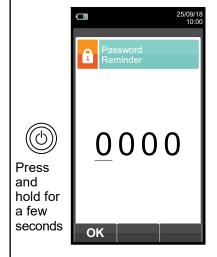
IF THE INSTRUMENT HAS BEEN KEPT AT VERY LOW TEMPERATURES (BELOW OPERATING TEMPERATURES) WE SUGGEST WAITING A WHILE (1 HOUR) BEFORE SWITCHING IT ON TO HELP THE SYSTEM'S THERMAL BALANCE AND TO PREVENT CONDENSATE FORMING IN THE PNEUMATIC CIRCUIT.

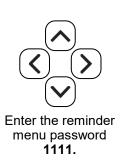
- When it has finished being used, before turning the instrument off remove the probe and let is aspirate ambient clean air for at least 30 seconds to purge the pneumatic path from all traces of gas.
- Do not use the instrument if the filters are clogged or damp.
- Before putting the measuring probe back in its case after use, make sure it is has cooled down enough and there is no condensate in the tube.
 - It might be necessary to periodically disconnect the filter and the condensate separator and blow compressed air inside the tube to eliminate all residues.
- Remember to have the instrument checked and calibrated once a year in order to comply with the existing standards.



IF ENABLED BY FACTORY OR THE ASSISTANCE CENTER, FROM 30 DAYS PRIOR TO THE CALIBRATION TO EXPIRE, THE DISPLAY WILL SHOW A MESSAGE TO REMIND THE USER THAT THE INSTRUMENT HAS TO BE SENT TO THE ASSISTANCE CENTER.

Example:









| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| F1 | Displays the information about the assistance center. |
| F2 | Ignores temporarily the message. Next time the instrument will be turned on, the remainder will be displayed again. |
| F3 | Ignores permanently the message. |





7.3 Analyser power supply

The instrument contains a high-capacity Li-lon rechargeable battery.

The battery feeds the instrument and any other probes or remote devices that may be connected. The instrument runs for approximately 18 hours. Should the battery be too low to effect the necessary measurements, the instrument can be hooked up to the mains via the power pack provided, allowing operations (and analysis) to proceed. The battery will be recharged whilst the instrument is being used.

The battery charging cycle takes up to 3 hours for a complete charge and finishes automatically.

If the instrument is not going to be used for a long time (e.g. summer) it is advised to store it after a complete charging cycle; furthermore, perform a complete charging cycle once every 4 months.

7.3.1 Checking and replacing the batteries

The state of the internal battery can be displayed during the auto-calibration of the device and possibly later via the information menu. In the menu, the remaining battery power is displayed.

If battery charge appears to be low, let it discharge completely and then carry out a full 100% charge cycle by connecting the instrument to the power pack for 3 hours.

If the problem persists, replace the battery pack with a SEITRON AMERICAS original or contact the SERVICE CENTRE to carry out the necessary repairs.

The average life of the battery pack is 500 charging/discharging cycles. To exploit this characteristic to the full it is advisable to always use the instrument powered by the internal batteries and to charge it only when it gives the battery flat message.



THE INSTRUMENT IS SHIPPED WITH A BATTERY LEVEL LOWER THAN 30% AS REQUIRED BY CURRENT AIR TRANSPORTATION STANDARDS. BEFORE USE PERFORM A COMPLETE CHARGING CYCLE OF 8 HOURS.

IT IS ADVISABLE TO CHARGE THE BATTERY AT AN AMBIENT TEMPERATURE RANGING BETWEEN 10°C AND 30°C.

The instrument can be left in stock for a period of time depending on the charging level of the battery; below there is a table showing the correlation between stock time and charging level.

| BATTERY LEVEL | STOCK TIME |
|---------------|------------|
| 100% | 110 days |
| 75% | 80 days |
| 50% | 45 days |
| 25% | 30 days |

7.3.2 Use with external power pack

The instrument can work with the batteries fully discharged by connecting the external power pack provided.



THE POWER SUPPLY/BATTERY CHARGER IS A SWITCHING TYPE ONE. THE APPLICABLE INPUT VOLTAGE RANGES BETWEEN 90Vac AND 264Vac. INPUT FREQUENCY: 50-60Hz.

THE LOW VOLTAGE OUTPUT IS 5 VOLT WITH AN OUTPUT CURRENT GREATER THAN 1.5A.

LOW VOLTAGE POWER CONNECTOR: A-TYPE USB CONNECTOR + CONNECTION CABLE WITH B-TYPE PLUG.

7.4 QR code generation

By pushing at the same time the buttons + (DIS), the instrument generates and shows on the display a QR code to download the data of the performed measures, after installing the **Seitron Smart Analysis** app downloadable from the AppStore or Google Play Store.

Minimum requirements for installing the Seitron Smart Analysis App

Operative systems: Android from version 4.1

Apple (iOS)

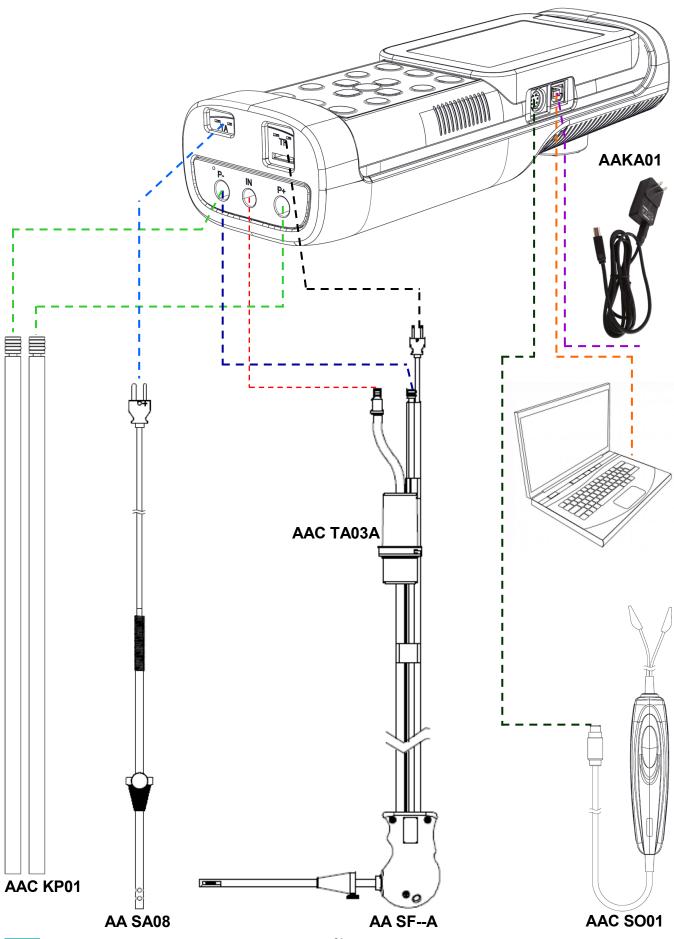


THE INSTRUMENT GENERATES THE QR CODE ONLY WHEN THE INTERACTIVE FUNCTION " " IS DISPLAYED ON SCREEN.





7.5 Connection diagram





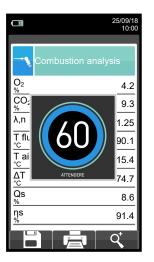
8.1 Starting the device

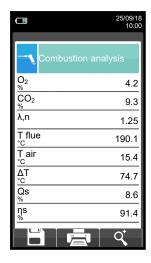




Press and hold for a few seconds









During autozero, you can only use the menus that do not require autozero.



This error message is displayed if the autozero of the device is not carried out.

| KEY | FUNCTION |
|----------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♦ | Goes through the measurements available. |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| F1 | Repeats autozero (is shown in the case of an error). |
| F2 | The device will suspend autozero and display the screen "Combustion Analysis"; it is possible to carry out the analysis of combustion (displayed in the case of an error). |
| F3 | The device displays the screen "Sensor Diagnostics" (displayed in the case of an error). |
| | Save analysis. |
| | Print the test ticket according to the settings. |
| ď, | Zoom. By pressing this interactive key repeatedly, the device displays the following sequence: $AAA\to AAA\to AAA\to AAA\to AAA$ |



9.0 FLUE GAS ANALYSIS



9.1 FLUE GAS ANALYSIS



To perform complete flue gas analysis, follow the instructions below.



SOME IMPORTANT WARNINGS TO CONSIDER DURING THE COMBUSTION ANALYSIS ARE LISTED BELOW:

FOR A CORRECT ANALYSIS NO AIR MUST FLOW INTO THE PIPE FROM OUTSIDE DUE TO A BAD TIGHTENING OF THE

CONE OR A LEAK IN THE PIPELINE.

THE GAS PIPE MUST BE CHECKED IN ORDER TO AVOID ANY LEAKAGES OR OBSTRUCTIONS ALONG THE PATH.

THE CONNECTORS OF THE GAS SAMPLING PROBE AND OF THE CONDENSATE FILTER MUST BE WELL CONNECTED TO THE INSTRUMENT.

KEEP THE CONDENSATE TRAP IN THE VERTICAL POSITION DURING THE ANALYSIS; A WRONG POSITIONING MAY CAUSE CONDENSATE INFILTRATIONS IN THE INSTRUMENT AND THUS DAMAGE THE SENSORS.

DO NOT PERFORM ANY MEASUREMENT WHEN THE FILTER IS REMOVED OR DIRTY IN ORDER TO AVOID ANY RISK OF IRREVERSIBLE DAMAGES ON SENSORS.

9.1.1 Switching on the instrument and auto-calibration

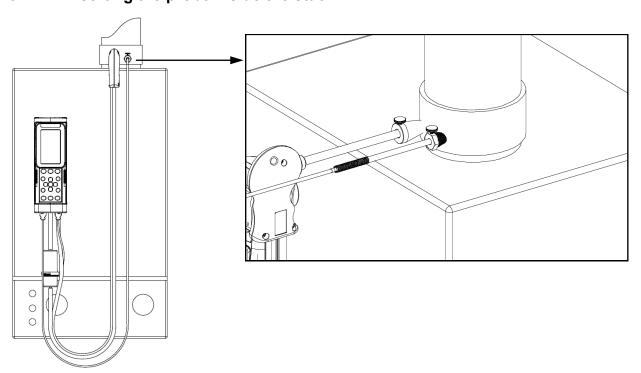
Press the (b) key to switch on the instrument - an introductory screen will appear. After a couple of moments the instrument will zero itself and will state that the sample probe should not be inserted in the stack.

In case the instrument is equipped with the electro valve for automatic auto-zeroing, it will ask for the insertion of the gas probe in the stack. On the other hand if the instrument has not the electro valve, it will require <u>not</u> to insert the gas probe in the stack.

In the latter it is important that the sample probe is not inside the stack since, during auto-calibration, the instrument draws fresh air from the environment and detects the zero value of the O_2 and CO sensors, the details of which are then memorised and used for reference during the analysis. It is equally important that this phase is performed in a fresh-air environment.

The pressure sensor is also zeroed during auto-calibration.

9.1.2 Inserting the probe inside the stack



When the autozero is over, the instrument automatically shows the analysis screen (on the version without the electro valve for the automatic autozero, the instrument gives the indication to insert the smoke probe in the stack previously connected to the appropriate input of the instrument).







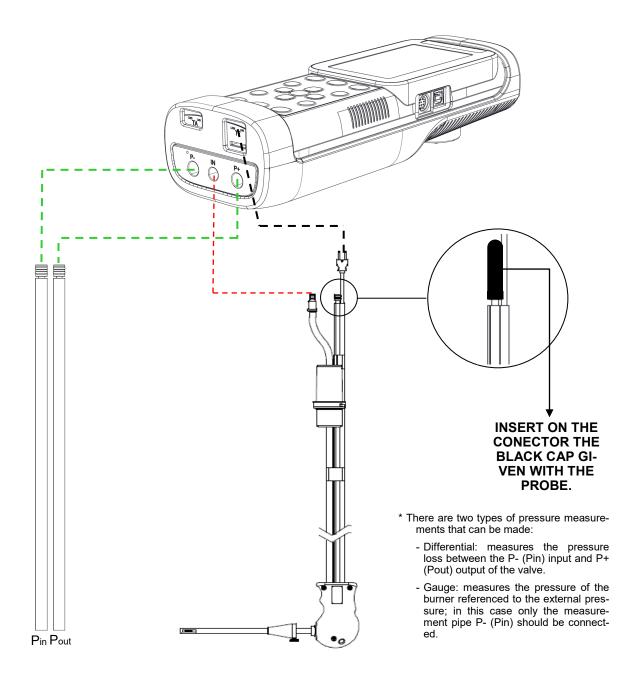
In order for the probe to be inserted at the right point within the stack, its distance from the boiler has to be twice the diameter of the stack pipe itself or, if this is not possible, must comply with the boiler manufacturer's instructions.

In order to position the probe correctly, a reliable support must be provided by drilling a 0.5" / 0.6" (13 / 16 mm) hole in the manifold (unless already present) and screwing in the positioning cone provided with the probe - in this way no air is drawn from the outside during sampling.

The screw on the cone allows the probe to be stopped at the right measuring depth - this usually corresponds to the center of the exhaust pipe. For greater positioning accuracy, the user may insert the probe gradually into the pipe until the highest temperature is read. The exhaust pipe must be inspected before carrying out the test, so as to ensure that no constrictions or losses are present in the piping or stack.

9.1.3 Simultaneous measurement of pressure, O₂, pollutants

In order to measure simultaneously pressure, O₂ and pollutants levels as well as all the others calculated parameters necessary to obtain the correct performance value, connect the instrument as follows:



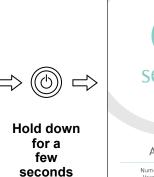


9.2 FLUE GAS ANALYSIS - PRELIMINARY OPERATIONS

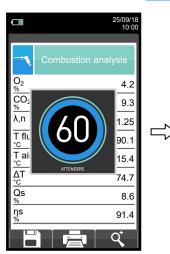


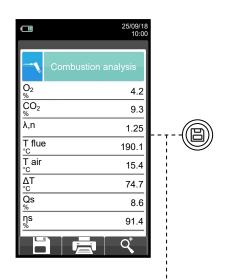
<u>Insert</u> the gas sample probe in the chimney:

Models (with automatic autozero solenoid) S1500-NP







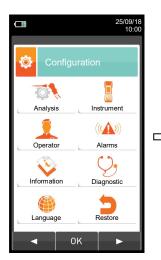




PARAMETERS TO SET BEFORE PROCEEDING (SEE <u>SECTION 11.0</u>):

Select Data logger



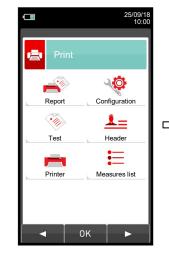


PARAMETERS TO SET BEFORE PROCEEDING (SEE <u>SECTION 10.0</u>):

Analysis Operator

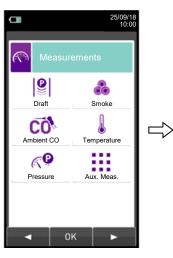






PARAMETERS TO SET BEFORE PROCEEDING (SEE <u>SECTION 12.0</u>):

Configuration Header Measures list

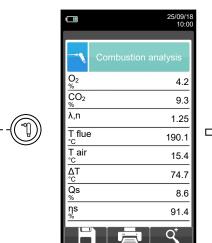


ACQUIRE THE FOLLOWING MEASUREMENTS BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE COMBUSTION ANALYSIS (Section 13.0):



In you don't, the measurements will not be printed with the combustion analysis.

Draft Smoke Ambient CO Temperature Pressure



PRESS THE KEY '

It starts saving the current analysis according to the set mode.

- Manual See section 9.3

- data logger See section 9.4

PRESS THE KEY ' 🖶 ':

It starts the printing on test ticket of the current analysis;

additional measurements are also printed, if they are present in the memory.

PRESS THE KEY ' + OK':

QR code generation to download the acquired data using "Seitron Smart Analysis App".



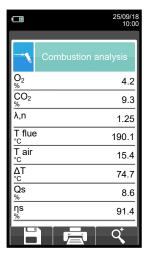
WHILE IN MANUAL ANALYSIS, HOLDING PRESSED BOTH KEYS (SS) AND V MAKES THE INSTRUMENT SWITCH OFF THE SUCTION FUMES PUMP AND BLOCKS THE REFRESH OF ANY CURRENT MEASURE.

TO SWITCH ON THE SUCTION FUMES PUMP AGAIN AND REACTIVATE THE REFRESH OF THE CURRENT MEASURE, PRESS AGAIN THE KEYS (ESC.) AND (V).



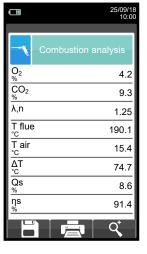
9.3 PERFORMING COMBUSTION ANALYSIS - MANUAL MODE







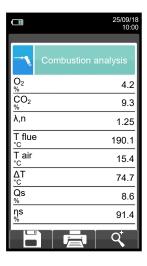








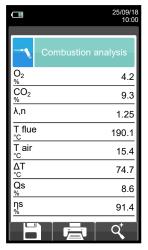








OK Saves analysis number 3









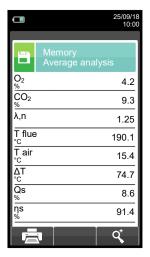
Recalls the average analysis.

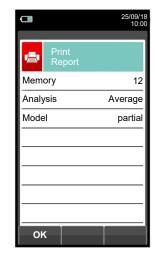








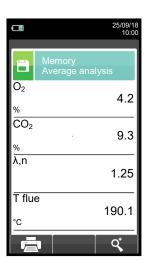


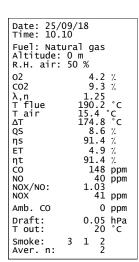




OK









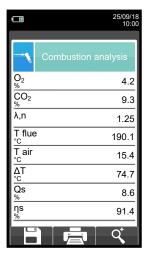


SCAN THE QR CODE USING SEITRON SMART ANALYSIS APP, TO DOWNLOAD THE ACQUIRED DATA.

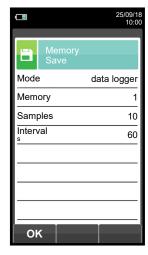


9.4 PERFORMING THE COMBUSTION ANALYSIS - Data logger MODE

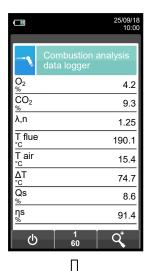




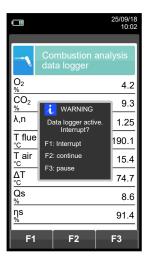




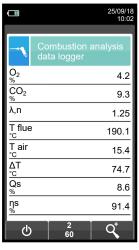
OK







Automatically saves the first sample when the set time is over.



Automatically saves the second sample when the set time is over and so on until the last sample.



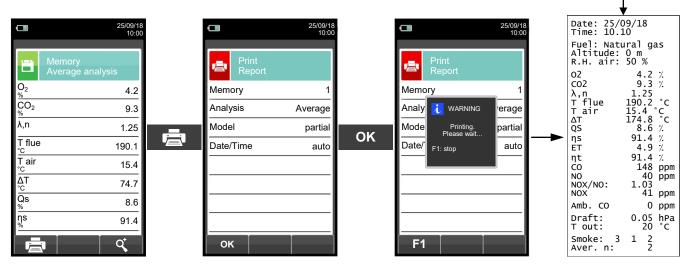






NOTE: If, while configuring the tightness test the automatic printing mode has been selected, the tightness test is printed automatically.

Instead, if the manual printing mode has been selected (exemplified case), at the end of the tightness test the results are displayed and they can be saved and/or printed and or downloaded. In this case proceed as follows:







SCAN THE QR CODE USING SEITRON SMART ANALYSIS APP, TO DOWNLOAD THE ACQUIRED DATA.





END OF ANALYSIS



- At the end of the combustion analysis, carefully remove the sample probe and remote air temperature probe, if used, from their relative ducts, taking care not to get burnt.
- Switch off the instrument by pressing the On/Off key. At this point, if the instrument has detected a high concentration of CO and/or NO, a self-cleaning cycle will be initiated during which the pump will draw fresh outside air until the gas levels drop below acceptable values. At the end of the cycle (lasting no longer than 3 min.) the instrument will switch itself off automatically.

Note: It is always advised to purge the instrument with clean air for at least 5 - 10 minutes before turning it off.



WHEN THE SMOKE PROBE IS TOOK OFF FROM THE STACK, SOME WATER CONDENSATION MAY OCCUR INSIDE THE PROBE HOSE AND IN THE WATER TRAP.

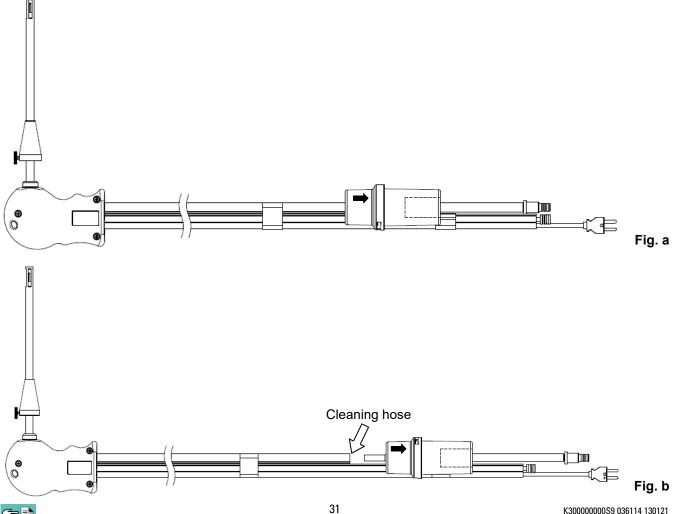
IT IS ADVISED TO CLEAN CAREFULLY ALL THE PARTS BEFORE PUTTING AWAY THE PROBE AND THE WATER TRAP IN THE CASE.

IN ORDER NOT TO DAMAGE THE INSIDE OF THE CASE. MAKE SURE THAT THE METALLIC TIP OF THE PROBE IS AT A TEMPERATURE BELOW 60°C.

Cleaning the sample probe

When you finish using the sample probe clean it thoroughly as described below before returning it to its case:

• Disconnect the sample probe from the instrument and from the water trap (Fig. a-b) then blow a jet of clean air into the hose of the probe (refer to Fig. b) to remove any residual condensate that may have formed within.







Maintaining the water trap / filter unit

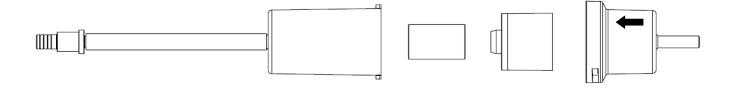


AFTER EACH ANALYSIS, CHECK FOR ANY PRESENCE OF WATER IN THE CONDENSATE COLLECTION BOWL AND ELIMINATE IT, IF ANY. PUT THE PROBE BACK IN THE CASE ONLY AFTER YOU HAVE ELIMINATED CONDENSATE FROM THE TUBE AND THE EXPANSION TANK (SEE CHAPTER 'MAINTENANCE').

REPLACE THE FINE DUST FILTER IF IT IS VISIBLY DIRTY OR WET (SEE CHAPTER 'MAINTENANCE'). DO NOT PERFORM ANY MEASUREMENT WHEN THE FILTER IS REMOVED OR DIRTY IN ORDER TO AVOID ANY RISK OF IRREVERSIBLE DAMAGES ON SENSORS.

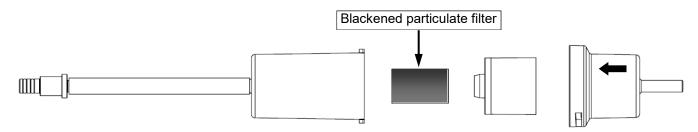
To remove the water trap, just rotate the cover and unhook the filter holder body; remove the internal cup and then replace the filter (see figure on the side).

Clean all the filter parts using water only, dry the components and reassemble the filter.



Replacing the particulate filter

If the particulate filter appears black, especially on the inner surface (see adjacent example), it has to be replaced immediately. In this way gas flow is not obstructed.







10.1 Configuration menu







| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ОК | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| • | Selects the available parameters. |

| PARAMETER | FUNCTION | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Analysis | Through this menu the user can configure the available parameters for a proper combustion analysis. SEE SECTION 10.2. | |
| Instrument | This menu is used to configure the instrument's reference parameters. SEE SECTION 10.3. | |
| Operator | In this sub menu you can enter or change the name of the operator that will carry out the analysis. Up to 8 lines are available. Also, you can select the name of the operator that will carry out the analysis and this will be printed on the analysis report. SEE SECTION 10.4. | |
| (((A))) Alarm | This submenu allows the user to set and memorise 10 alarms, defining the monitored parameter for each (gas, pressure, Ta, Tf), the alarm threshold and relative unit of measurement and whether it is a low or high-level alarm. Low-level alarms are triggered when the reading drops below the defined threshold, whereas high-level alarms are triggered when the reading rises above the defined threshold. When an alarm threshold is crossed, the instrument emits an intermittent audible alarm besides activating a visible alarm wherein the background of the name of the relative reading will start flashing in the analysis screen. SEE SECTION 10.5. Threshold threshold is crossed, the instrument emits an intermittent audible alarm wherein the background of the name of the relative reading will start flashing in the analysis screen. Low-level alarm Alarm Alarm Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold Threshold | |
| Information | This menu provides information regarding instrument status. SEE SECTION 10.6. | |
| Diagnostic | The user, with this menu, can check any anomalies of the device. SEE SECTION 10.7. | |
| Language | Set the desired language for the various menus and the test ticket. <u>SEE SECTION 10.8.</u> | |
| Restore | Restore factory settings. SEE SECTION 10.9. | |



10.2 Configuration→Analysis





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| (ESC) | Returns to the previous screen. |

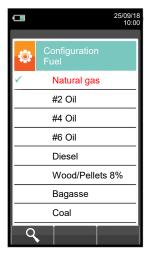
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ок | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| • | Selects the available parameters. |

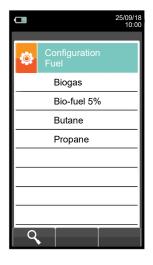
| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION |
|---------------------------|--|
| Fuel | Lets the user select the type of fuel to be used during analysis. This datum can be varied either from this menu or during the analysis itself. By selecting the sub menu Fuel coefficients the user can view the characteristics of the fuels used in the calculation of performance. SEE SECTION 10.2.1. |
| Condensation | The burner efficiency figure when condensation takes place is influenced by atmospheric pressure and humidity of the combustion air. As the atmospheric pressure is hardly precisely known, the operator is asked to enter a related parameter, i.e. the altitude of the place above the sea level, from which the pressure is then derived once the dependency from atmospheric conditions is neglected. In calculations the value of 101325 Pa is assumed as atmospheric pressure at sea level. Further the air relative humidity input is allowed, being this calculated at the combustion air temperature as measured from the instrument; in case this value is unknown the operator is recommended to enter 50% for this value. SEE SECTION 10.2.2. |
| O ₂ reference | In this mode the user can set the oxygen percentage level to which pollutant emission values detected during analysis will be referenced. SEE SECTION 10.2.3. |
| NO _x /NO ratio | NOx/NO: all the nitrogen oxides which are present in the flue emissions (Nitrogen oxide = NO, Nitrogen dioxide = NO2); total nitrogen oxides = NOx (NO + NO2). In the combustion processes, it is found out that the NO2 percentage contained in the gas is not far from very low values (3%); hence it is possible to obtain the NOx value by a simple calculation without using a direct measurement with a further NO2 sensor. The NO2 percentage value contained in the gas can be however set at a value other than 3% (default value). SEE SECTION 10.2.4. |
| Measure units | Through this submenu the user can modify the units of measurement for all the analysis parameters, depending on how they are used. SEE SECTION 10.2.5. |
| Autozero | In this sub menu the user can change the length of the autozero cycle of the analyzer and start it manually. SEE SECTION 10.2.6. |
| Measures list | In this sub menu the user can see the list of measurements that the device can perform. With the interactive keys, the user can add, delete or move a selected measurement. SEE SECTION 10.2.7. |
| Air temp. | In this submenu there is a possibility to acquire or manually enter the combustion air temperature. SEE CHAPTER 10.2.8. |



10.2.1 Configuration→Analysis→Fuel



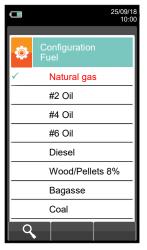




| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♠♥ | The arrows select each line displayed. |
| (OK) | Confirms the choice of fuel to be used during the analysis. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

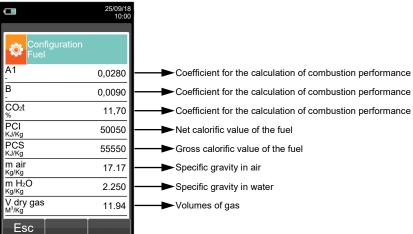
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| ٩ | Shows the details of the selected fuel (see example below). |
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. |

Example:





Q

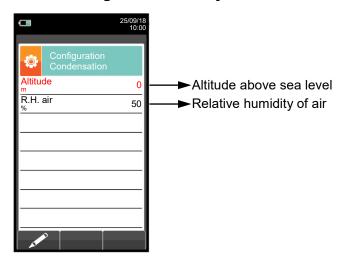






10.2.2 Configuration \rightarrow Analysis \rightarrow Condensation





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♠♥ | The arrows select each line displayed (the selected line is red). In edit mode, it scrolls through the suggested values. |
| (OK) | Enters the modify mode for the selected parameter, then confirms the modification. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. |
| ок | Confirms the modification. |

Example:

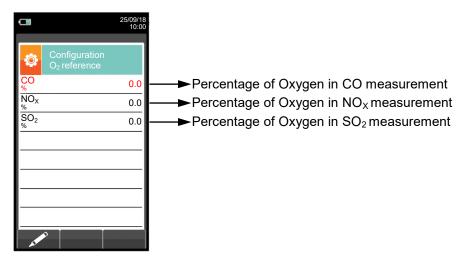






10.2.3 Configuration→Analysis→Reference O₂





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| | Keys '▲' and '▼' select any line shown on the display (the selected line is evidenced in red). When in modify mode, sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Enters the modify mode for the selected parameter, then confirms the modification. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Enters the modify menu for the selected parameter. |
| ок | Confirms the modification. |







10.2.4 Configuration→Analysis→NO_X/NO ratio





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| () () | When in modify mode, sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Enters edit mode of the selected element and then confirms the change. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| | Enters edit mode. |
| ок | Confirms the modification. |

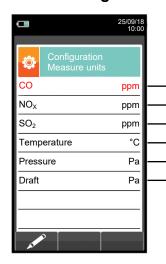






10.2.5 Configuration→Analysis→Measurement units





- ► Measurement unit can be set as: ppm mg/m³ mg/kWh g/GJ g/m³ g/kWh % ng/J
- ► Measurement unit can be set as: ppm mg/m³ mg/kWh g/GJ g/m³ g/kWh % ng/J
- →Measurement unit can be set as: ppm mg/m³ mg/kWh g/GJ g/m³ g/kWh % ng/J
 - ►Measurement unit can be set as: °C °F
- → Measurement unit can be set as: hPa Pa mbar mmH2O mmHg inH2O psi
- ► Measurement unit can be set as: hPa Pa mbar mmH2O mmHg inH2O psi

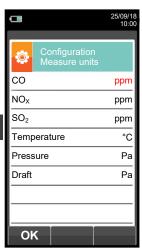


The measurement units mg/m^3 and g/m^3 are referred to Normal pressure and temperature conditions, P = 101325 Pa and T = 0 °C.

| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♠♥ | Keys '▲' and '▼' select any line shown on the display (the selected line is evidenced in red). When in modify mode, sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Enters edit mode of the selected element and then confirms the change. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. |
| ок | Confirms the modification. |







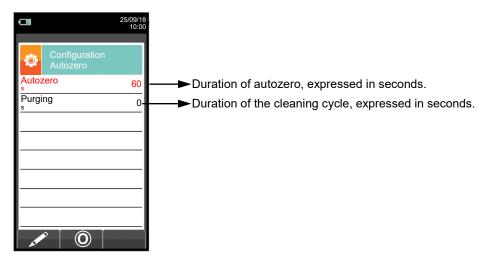






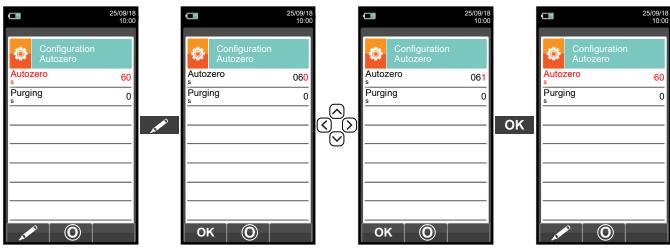
10.2.6 Configuration→Analysis→Autozero





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| (<u>)</u> | When in modify mode, sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Enters edit mode of the selected element and then confirms the change. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| R. C. | Enters the modify menu for the selected parameter. |
| ОК | Confirms the modification. |
| 0 | Starts autozero for the selected duration. |





10.2.7 Configuration→Analysis→Measures list







| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♠♥ | Select each line displayed (the line selected is red). In edit mode, it sets the desired value. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Adds a line to the list of available measurements. |
| | Activates the movement of a measurement from its current position. |
| | Deletes a measurement from the list of available measurements. |
| V | After the activation of the function ' |
| ок | Confirms the operation. |
| Esc | Cancels the operation. |



OTHER THAN THE MEASUREMENT LIST ABOVE, IT IS POSSIBLE TO VISUALIZE THE MEASURE OF THE DETECTED GAS ALSO IN PPM, DEPENDING ON THE KIND OF MEASUREMENT CELL IN THE INSTRUMENT. IF IT IS NECESSARY TO MEASURE THE VALUE OF GAS WITH TWO DIFFERENT MEASUREMENT UNITS, SELECT IN THE MEASUREMENTS LIST THE DESIRED GAS IN PPM AND CHANGE THE MEASUREMENT UNIT FOR THE SAME GAS IN THE "CONFIGURATION->ANALYSIS->MEASUREMENT UNIT" SCREEN. NOW THE INSTRUMENT ACQUIRES THE MEASURE WITH TWO DIFFERENT UNITS (PPM AND THE ONE PREVIOUSLY SET)





Example:



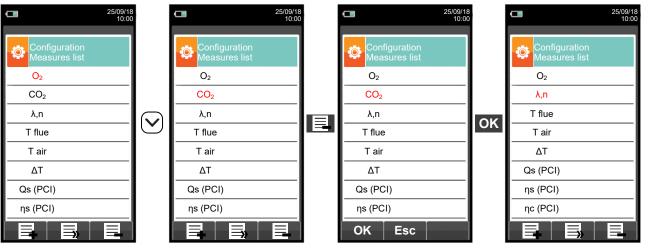
1. Add a measurement to the list - example



2. Change the position of a measurement - example



3. Delete a measurement from the list - example







10.2.8 Configuration \rightarrow Analysis \rightarrow Air temperature





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| > | When in modify mode, sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen without saving the changes made. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| | Accesses the Editing mode of the parameter 'Air T': it is possible to enter the desired value of the combustion air temperature that will be used in the combustion analysis. |
| Ō | It saves the value, acquired or entered in the parameter 'Air T'. |
| → * | Acquires the temperature value detected from the sampling probe. That value is reported in the parameter 'Air T'. |
| ок | Confirms the operation. |





10.3 Configuration→Instrument





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ОК | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| • | Selects the available parameters. |

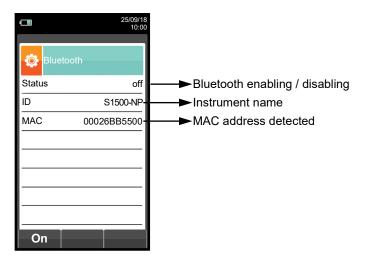
| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION |
|----------------|--|
| | Through this sub menu the user can turn on and off the instrument Bluetooth wireless communication with a PC or PDA. |
| Bluetooth | WHEN THE INSTRUMENT BLUETOOTH INTERFACE IS TURNED ON, THE BATTERY LIFE IS REDUCED DOWN TO 10 HOURS. |
| | SEE SECTION 10.3.1. |
| Time/Date | This allows the current time and date to be set. The user can select the date and hour format either in EU (European) or USA (American) mode. SEE SECTION 10.3.2. |
| Brightness | The display contrast may be increased or decreased by acting on cursor keys. This operation may be performed even when the introductory screen is active. SEE SECTION 10.3.3. |
| Pump | In this sub menu the user can turn the gas suction pump off or back on. Also, if the pump is on, the user can view the flow of the pump in liters per minute. It is not possible to turn off the pump during an autozero cycle. SEE SECTION 10.3.4. |
| Д | The CO sensor is protected by a pump which, in case of need, can inject clean air in the gas path in order to dilute the gas concentration measured by the sensor. This function can be either triggered by the overcoming of a CO concentration threshold which can be set by the user or, in case it is known that the flue gases contain high CO concentration, kept enabled any time, independently of CO concentration. |
| CO dilutor | CO Auto-Dilution feature must only be considered as a means of protection for CO sensor, as its activation heavily deteriorates both accuracy and resolution of the CO measurement. |
| | SEE SECTION 10.3.5. |
| Micromanometer | Allows to configure the micromanometer input (optional) as P+ or P- port. In case P- is selected, the sign of pressure is inverted. SEE SECTION 10.3.6. |





10.3.1 Configuration \rightarrow Instrument \rightarrow Bluetooth





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| (OK) | Also activates the context key shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

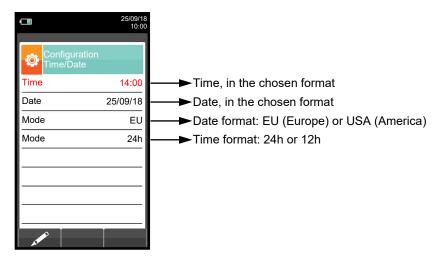
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|------------------------------------|
| On | Turns on Bluetooth communication. |
| Esc | Turns off Bluetooth communication. |





10.3.2 Configuration \rightarrow Instrument \rightarrow Time/Date





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| < | When in modify mode, sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Enters edit mode of the selected element and then confirms the change. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| | Enters edit mode of the selected parameter. |
| ок | Confirms the modification. |





10.3.3 Configuration \rightarrow Instrument \rightarrow Brightness





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| > | Increases or decreases the brightness of the display. |
| OK | Confirms the modification. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

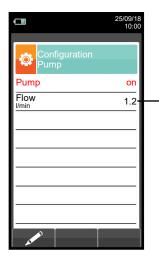
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| • | Decreases the brightness of the display. |
| ОК | Confirms the setting. |
| • | Increases the brightness of the display. |





10.3.4 Configuration→Instrument→Pump





→ Displays the flow of the pump, expressed in litres per minute.

| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♠♥ | When in modify mode, sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Enters edit mode of the selected element and then confirms the change. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

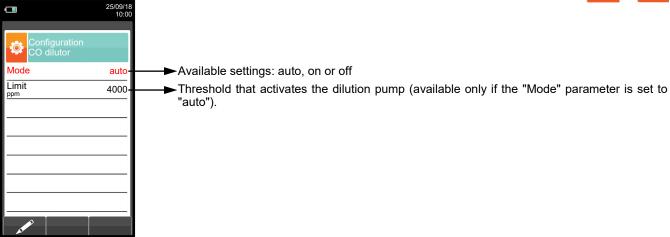
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Enters edit mode: it is possible to turn the gas suction pump on or off. |
| ОК | Confirms the modification. |





10.3.5 Configuration→Instrument→CO dilutor





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♠♥ | Select each line displayed (the line selected is red). In edit mode, it sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Enters edit mode of the selected element and then confirms the change. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

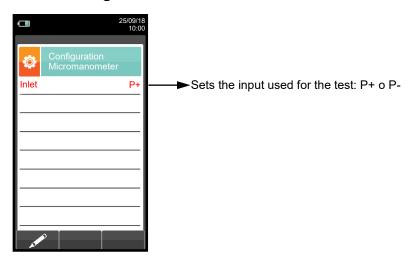
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| | Enters edit mode of the selected parameter. |
| ОК | Confirms the modification. |





10.3.6 Configuration \rightarrow Instrument \rightarrow Micromanometer





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|----------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♦ | In edit mode, it sets the desired input. |
| (OK) | Enters edit mode of the selected element and then confirms the change. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| | Enters edit mode of the selected parameter. |
| ОК | Confirms the modification. |





10.4 Configuration \rightarrow Operator





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|----------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| | In "edit text": Moves the cursor on the box corresponding to the letter or number required to form the word. |
| ♦ | In "Operator Configuration": Scrolls through the available operators. |
| | In "edit text": Confirms text input. |
| (OK) | In "Operator Configuration": selects the operator who will carry out the analysis; the operator is highlighted with the symbol " \checkmark ". |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. In "edit mode" goes back to the previous screen without saving the changes made. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|--------------|--|
| | Enters edit mode of the selected line: it is possible to enter the name of the operator (24 characters available). |
| \checkmark | Confirms the selected letter or digit. |
| × | Cancels the letter or digit before the cursor. |
| Aa# | Cycles through uppercase, lowercase, symbols and special characters. |

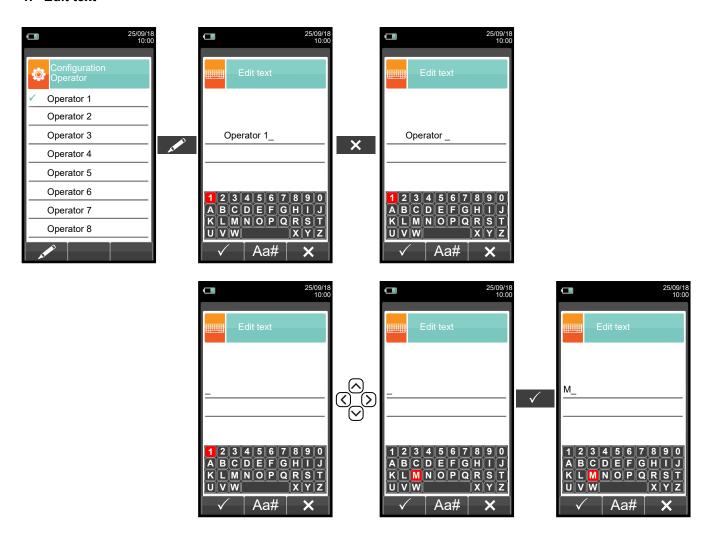




Example:



1. Edit text



2. Select the operator who will carry out the analysis

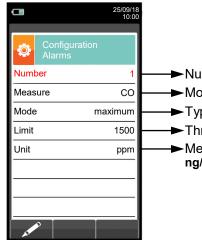






10.5 Configuration→Alarm





- ► Number of the alarm set
- → Monitored parameter: O₂ CO NO NO₂ P diff Plow P ext T1 T2
- → Type of alarm set: Maximum Minimum Off
- ► Threshold setting for the alarm: ±999999.999
- ➤ Measurement unit for the threshold set: ppm, mg/m³, mg/kWh, g/GJ, g/m³, g/kWh, %, ng/J

| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| < | Keys '▲' and '▼' select any line shown on the display (the selected line is evidenced in red). When in modify mode, sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Enters the modify mode for the selected parameter, then confirms the modification. |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Enters the modify menu for the selected parameter. |
| ок | Confirms the modification. |





Alarm activation flow chart and suggested correctional actions

Type MAX. alarm activation

Type MIN. alarm activation





- Buzzer activation.
- The measure blinks on the display.

- Buzzer activation.
- The measure blinks on the display.





- Regulate the boiler correctly.
- The alarm is switched off automatically, if the gas concentration goes back below the set alarm threshold minus the hysteresis value.
- Regulate the boiler correctly.
- The alarm is switched off automatically, if the gas concentration is higher than the set alarm threshold plus the hysteresis value.



10.6 Configuration→Information





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

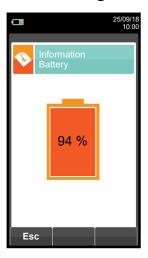
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ОК | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| • | Selects the available parameters. |

| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------|---|
| Battery | Displays the state of charge of the internal battery. Displays the state of charge of the battery in percentage from 0 to 100%, both in text and graphically. SEE SECTION 10.6.1. |
| Sensors | It allows to check which sensors are installed on the instrument, and in which position they are installed. The instrument automatically detects whether a sensor has been either added or removed. The screen page allows whether to accept the new configuration or ignore the change performed. SEE SECTION 10.6.2. |
| Infoservice | This submenu contains details regarding the nearest Service Center to be contacted in the event of instrument fault or ordinary maintenance. The instrument model, serial number and firmware version are also displayed, thus allowing for a quick product identification. SEE SECTION 10.6.3. |
| Reminder | Accessing this menu you can see the calibration's expiration date of the instrument, inserted by factory or assistance center. The menu is protected with a password: password is " 1111 ". SEE SECTION 10.6.4. |
| Probes | Displays useful information on the probe connected to the serial cable connector visible in E in section 4.3 (Description of the Components of the Combustion Analyzer). SEE SECTION 10.6.5. |



10.6.1 Configuration \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Battery





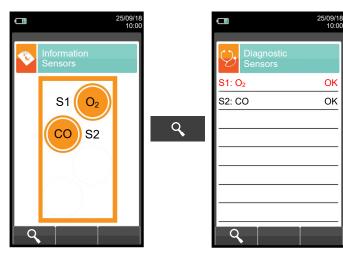
| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. |



10.6.2 Configuration \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Sensor





For further information, see section 10.7.1.

| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-----|---|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. | |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------|---|--|
| ٩ | Displays the details of the main features of the sensors installed. | |
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. | |

This screen displays, for each position, the following messages (example referring to the sensor in position S2):

| MESSAGE | DESCRIPTION |
|---|--|
| СО | Sensor configured OK (normal operation). |
| | Sensor is not communicating or has been removed. |
| Flashing orange circle with writing indicating the gas detected | |
| Flashing orange circle with writing indicating the new gas detected | Detected sensor different from the one previously installed. |
| Ø | Detected sensor in wrong position. |

Error messages displayed:

| MESSAGE | DESCRIPTION | |
|----------|------------------------|--|
| Err cal | Calibration error. | |
| Err dati | Sensor not recognized. | |
| No cal | Sensor not calibrated. | |

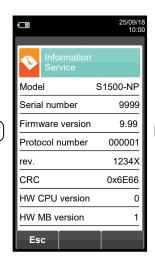


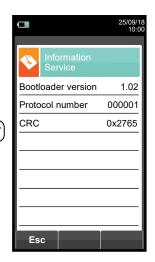


10.6.3 Configuration→Information→InfoService









| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| ♠♦ | Toggle view between next or previous screen. | |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. | |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. | |





10.6.4 Configuration→Information→Reminder





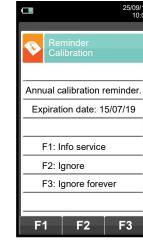
| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| | Sets the password. The password is: 1111. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------|---|--|
| ОК | Confirm password and enter the menu "Reminder". | |
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. | |
| F1 | Displays the information about the assistance center. | |
| F2 | Ignores temporarily the message. Next time the instrument will be turned on, the remainder will be displayed again. | |
| F3 | Ignores permanently the message. | |









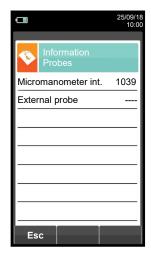
OK





10.6.5 Configuration \rightarrow Information \rightarrow Probe





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. |





10.7 Configuration→Diagnostic





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

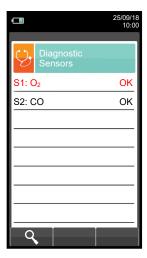
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ОК | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| • | Selects the available parameters. |

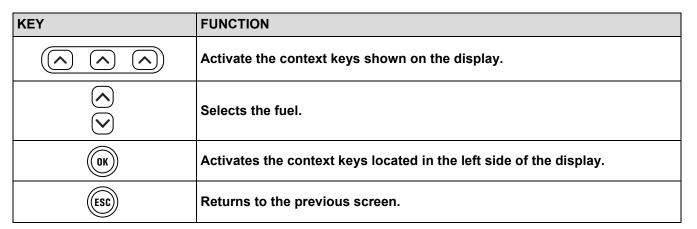
| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION |
|--------------|--|
| Sensors | Displays information on the state and calibration of the electrochemical sensors: Ok No problem detected absent The sensor was not detected err data Memory data error of the sensor unknown It is necessary to update the FW of the device err pos The sensor has been installed in the wrong position err cal Calibration error (sensor not calibrated) err curr Currents outside the range err cfg Do not use this sensor as it has not been accepted on the screen "types of sensors". Also, from this screen the user can access the identification data of the sensor: type, serial number, date of manufacture and calibration. There are also the measured currents; in this way it is possible to perform a quick diagnosis in the event of a malfunction. SEE SECTION 10.7.1. |
| Gas probe | Tests the tightness of the gas probe pneumatic path. SEE SECTION 10.7.2. |
| Hardware | At instrument turn on the firmware performs a full check on the physical efficiency of all types of HW memories installed on the instrument, as well as on the integrity of the data stored into them. Any issue is evidenced in the screen 'Memories Diagnostics'. Should this happen it is advisable to turn the instrument off and then on again. In case the problem is permanent or frequently recurring, the user should contact the Service Center reporting the error code shown by the instrument. SEE SECTION 10.7.3. |
| Pump | In this submenu the user can temporarily turn the gas suction pump on or off. Also, it is possible to view the actual flow rate of the pump in liters per minute. It will not be possible to turn off the pump during an autozero cycle. SEE SECTION 10.7.4. |
| On site cal. | It is possible to make a recalibration of the instrument's gas sensors with suitable known concentration gas cylinders. The access to the sensor recalibration is password protected, the password is '1111'. SEE SECTION 10.7.5. |



10.7.1 Configuration→Diagnostic→Sensors





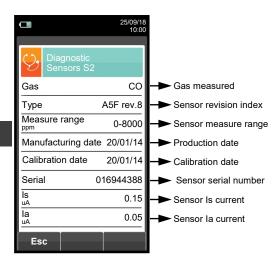


| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| ٩ | Displays the details of the selected sensor (see example below). |
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. |

Example:









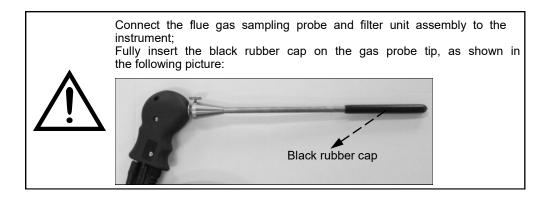
Q



10.7.2 Configuration→Diagnostic→Gas probe



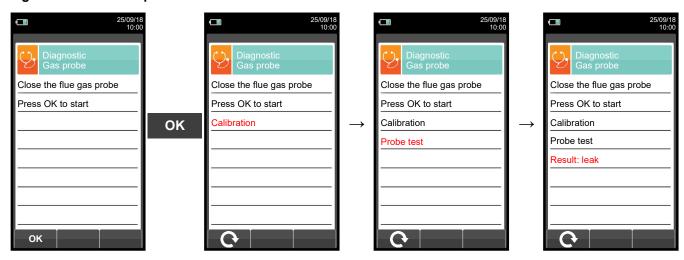




| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| ОК | Starts the test to check the tightness of the gas sampling probe. |
| C | Starts the test of the gas sampling probe. |

Tightness test of the probe.



Results:

Tightness: The system is OK

Error: Make sure that the probe is connected to the input P-, check the seals of the pneumatic connections and/or the seal of the condensation trap and check that the test cap is correctly inserted on the tip of

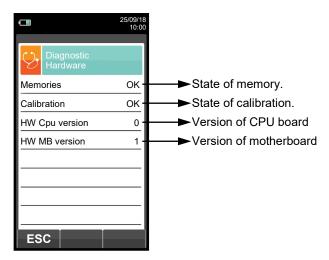
the probe. WARNING: a damaged probe tip may impair the test.





10.7.3 Configuration→Diagnostic→Hardware





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |





10.7.4 Configuration \rightarrow Diagnostic \rightarrow Pump





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♠♥ | In edit mode, cycling between on and off. |
| (OK) | Enters edit mode of the selected element and then confirms the change. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| | Enters edit mode: it is possible to turn the gas suction pump on and off. |
| ОК | Confirms the modification. |





10.7.5 Configuration \rightarrow Diagnostic \rightarrow On site cal.





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| > | Sets the password. |
| | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. |
| \bigcirc | In modification sets the value or the desired mode. |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. |
| (ESC) | Returns to the previous screen. |
| | When in modify mode cancels the modification just made. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| ОК | Once password is entered, gives access to the 'On site calibration' menu. |
| ٩ | Shows details for the selected sensor. |
| C | Zeroes the timer. |
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. |





Calibration procedure



In order to perform the calibration, the following tools are needed:

 Known concentration gas cylinder suitable for the sensor, complete with a pressure regulator WARNING!

For the oxygen sensor on site calibration, the zero value calibration must be carried out with nitrogen or any other gas mixture which <u>DOES NOT</u> contain oxygen.

- Flow meter.
- Hose with 'T' shaped junction, in order to connect the cylinder to the instrument and the flow meter.

Following, the suggested stabilization time for the sensors on-site calibration.

O₂ sensor: from 3 to 5 minutes CO sensor: from 3 to 5 minutes



WARNING!

For the oxygen sensor on site calibration, the zero value calibration must be carried out with nitrogen or any other gas mixture which <u>DOES</u> NOT contain oxygen.

1. Start the instrument

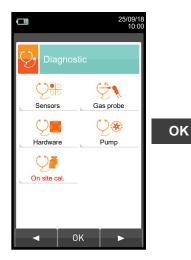




WARNING

- •Make sure autozero is execute in clean air and terminates correctly.
- •Do not connect the gas probe to the instrument.
- •Check the battery charge level or connect the power adapter to avoid data loss during recalibration.

2. Once autozero is completed press the ((③)) key and select the diagnostic icon.







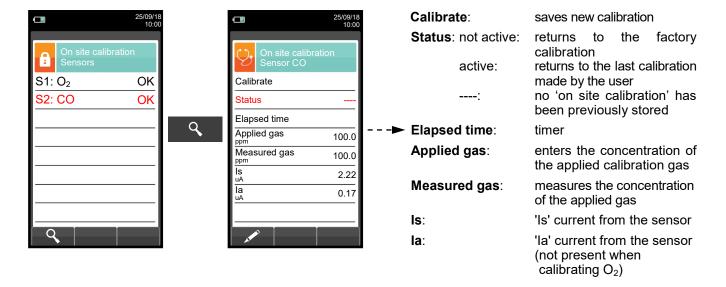








3. Once in the 'On site calibration' menu, is shown the list of the installed sensors for which the recalibration is available. In the recalibration screen all information related to the last performed calibration is shown, as well as the relevant values.



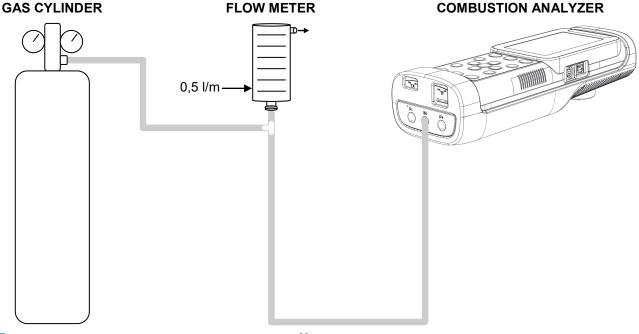
CHOOSE THE SENSOR TO BE CALIBRATED AND DO AS FOLLOWS

4. Connect the known concentration gas cylinder to the instrument as shown in the following diagram:



WARNING!

Adequate ventilation must be provided when working with toxic gases, particularly the flow meter and instrument outputs must be evacuated by a ventilation system.

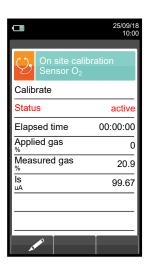




CALIBRATION EXAMPLE FOR THE OXYGEN CELL (O2).

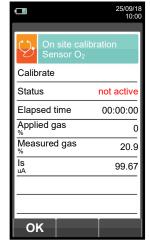


• The calibration will be possible only when the status is set to '----' (sensors which never had an on-site calibration) or 'inactive'.











- Apply gas to the instrument and adjust the output pressure of the gas from the cylinder so that the flow meter indicates a minimum flow of 0.5 l/m: this guarantees that the instrument is taking the exact amount of gas required by the internal pump.
- The instrument measures the concentration of gas applied; wait at least 3 minutes to allow the reading to stabilize. The reading is shown in line 'Gas measured'.





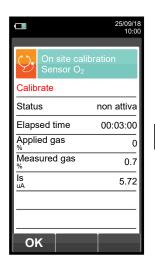


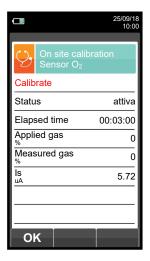






• When the stabilization time is over, select the 'Calibration' row and activate the function ' oK ' to store the new calibration.





Messages in the 'Status' line:

saving: the instrument is saving the performed calibration

error: the sensor has NOT been recalibrated for any of the following reasons:

- The calibration gas cannot properly reach the instrument.
- Concentration for the calibration gas has not been set in the relevant line 'Applied gas'.
- The user didn't allow for the stabilization time to properly elapse.
- The sensor could be damaged or exhausted and must therefore be replaced.



WARNING

OK

At any time the user can restore the factory calibration in the instrument by setting the 'Status' line on 'not active'.

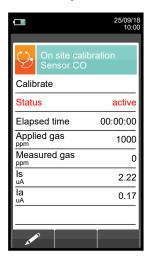


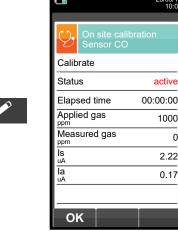
CALIBRATION EXAMPLE FOR TOXIC GAS CELL (CO EXAMPLE).

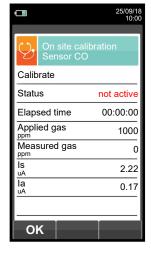


The calibration will be possible only when the status is set to '----' (sensors which never had an on-site calibration) or 'inactive'.

0







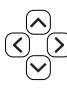


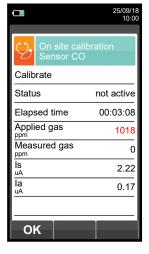
Enter the value of the concentration of the gas applied.





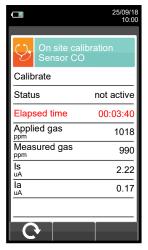




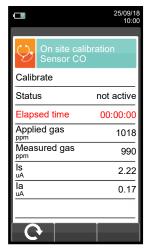


OK

- Apply gas to the instrument and adjust the output pressure of the gas from the cylinder so that the flow meter indicates a minimum flow of 0.5 l/m: this guarantees that the instrument is taking the exact amount of gas required by the internal pump.
- The instrument measures the concentration of gas applied; wait at least 3 minutes to allow the reading to **<u>stabilize</u>**. The reading is shown in line 'Gas measured'.



Zeroes the timer helps to keep under control the time elapsing during the stabilization phase.

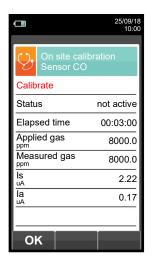


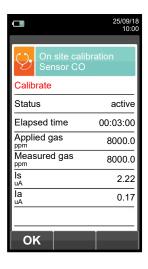






• When the stabilization time is over, select the 'Calibration' row and activate the function ' ok ' to store the new calibration.





Messages in the 'Status' line:

saving: the instrument is saving the performed calibration

error: the sensor has NOT been

recalibrated for any of the following reasons:

- The calibration gas cannot properly reach the instrument.
- Concentration for the calibration gas has not been set in the relevant line 'Applied gas'.
- The user didn't allow for the stabilization time to properly elapse.
- The sensor could be damaged or exhausted and must therefore be replaced.



WARNING

OK

At any time the user can restore the factory calibration in the instrument by setting the 'Status' line on 'not active'.

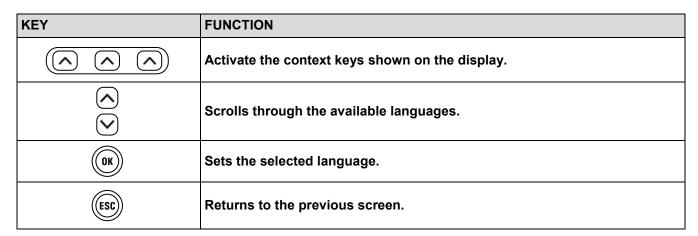


10.8 Configuration→Language









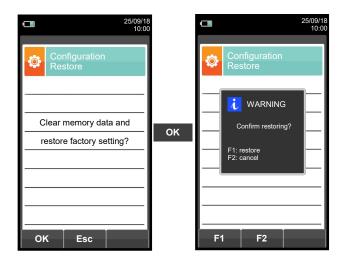
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| ОК | Sets the selected language. |





10.9 Configuration→Restore





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| (OK) | Starts the factory data reset phase. |
| ESC | Exits the current screen without resetting. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| ОК | Starts the factory data reset phase. |
| Esc | Exits the current screen without resetting. |
| F1 | Factory reset. |
| F2 | Cancels the factory data reset phase and goes back to the previous screen. |



11.1 Memory Menu





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ОК | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| • | Selects the available parameters. |

| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------|--|
| Save | From this screen the user can start the combustion analysis. The data shown summarizes the mode of analysis and the selected memory. SEE SECTION 11.2. |
| Average | Allows the user to see the average of the analyses contained in the selected memory. SEE SECTION 11.3. |
| | Allows the user to set the number of the memory to be used to save the combustion analysis and/or the measurement of the draft, carbon black, etc. For each memory it is possible to enter the personal information of the customer (name of the customer, address, telephone number, type of boiler, etc.). |
| Select | Allows the user to see and print the stored analyses, individually or as an average. The analyses can be found (via the context key "find") by memory location or by the date they were saved; it is also possible to see the draft, carbon black and ambient CO. In the menu "Find Memory" the activation of the Print Memory is enabled only on the page where the analyses or the draft, carbon black and ambient CO data are displayed. |
| | SEE SECTION 11.4. |
| | This submenu allows the user to define the mode of analysis and of memory selection: Automatic analysis mode: |
| | Data logger This mode is entirely configurable by the user (it is necessary to set the number of samples to be acquired, the duration of acquisition of each sample and the printing mode). |
| Data logger | When the combustion analysis starts, the device will automatically carry out and store the number of samples set, spaced from one another according to the set time. After the combustion analysis (indicated by a beep), it the "Manual Print" mode has been selected, the device will display the average of the samples taken with the possibility to recall them individually; the user can then print them (total, complete,). On the contrary, if the user has selected the option "Automatic Print", the device will automatically proceed to print the analyses, according to the current printing settings, without displaying the average. Warning: in automatic mode, the measurements of carbon black, draft and ambient CO |
| | must be taken before starting the combustion analysis. |





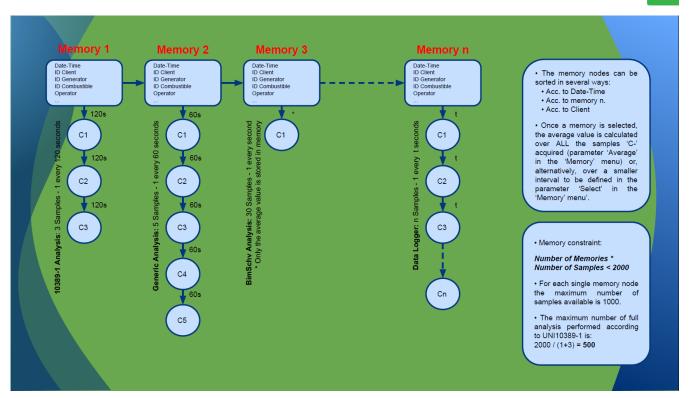
| Data logger | Manual analysis mode If the user chooses the manual mode, he will perform the combustion analysis manually; in this case, the settings regarding printing and duration of the automatic analysis will not be considered. At this point the user can start the manual analysis after waiting two minutes so that the displayed values are stable: then he can proceed to save or directly print the test ticket of the analysis, which will be prepared in accordance with the previously configured settings. At the end of the three analyses, the screen with the average can be displayed, which also contains all the data necessary to fill in the booklet of the system or plant. In both modes, manual and automatic, the data displayed regarding the pollutants CO / NO / NO _x can be translated into normalized values (with reference to the concentration of O ₂ previously set). Memory selection mode Manual: the memory will have to be selected manually via the parameter "Select" Auto: the memory, to which the measurements and combustion analyses will be saved, will be suggested automatically when the device is turned on. SEE SECTION 11.5. |
|-------------|---|
| Delete | Allows the user to delete the contents of each memory or of the entire 99 memories. SEE SECTION 11.6. |
| Usage % | The user, through this menu, can view the percentage of memory usage. SEE SECTION 11.7. |





11.1.1 Memory Organization

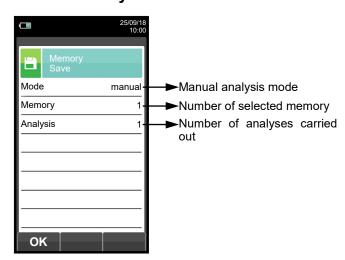


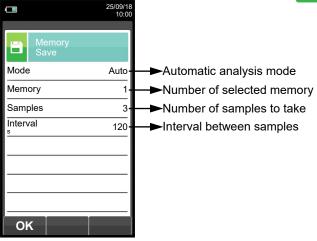




11.2 Memory Menu→Save







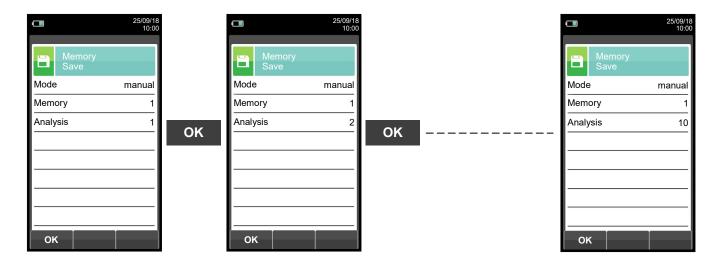
| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| (OK) | Starts saving the combustion analysis according to the mode set in the parameter 'Data logger'. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| ок | Starts saving the combustion analysis according to the mode set in the parameter 'Data logger'. |
| F1 | Deletes the contents of the selected memory. (Visible when the selected memory contains previous analyses). |
| F2 | Cancels the deletion of the contents of the selected memory. (Visible when the selected memory contains previous analyses). |

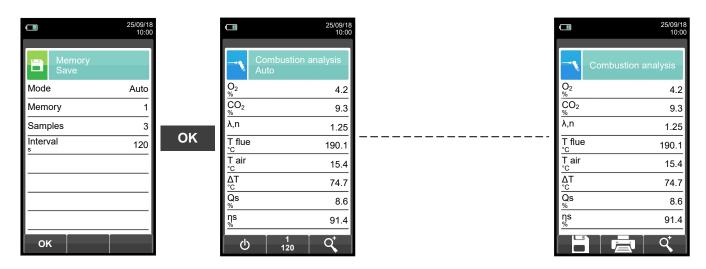




Example 1: Saving the combustion analysis in manual mode



Example 2: Saving the combustion analysis in automatic mode (example Auto)





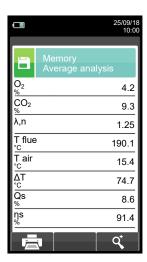
FOR ANY FURTHER INFORMATION SEE CHAPTER 9.0 'FLUE GAS ANALYSIS'.





11.3 Memory Menu→Average





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|----------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♦ | Scrolls through the values of the average analysis. |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen without saving the changes made. |
| + 0K | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| Q* | Zoom. By pressing this interactive key repeatedly, the device displays the following sequence: $AAA\to AAA\to AAA\to AAA$ |
| | Starts printing the test ticket. <u>SEE SECTION 12.</u> |





11.4 Memory Menu→Select





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|----------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| > | In "edit text"/"search for data"/"search for memory number": it moves the cursor on the box corresponding to the desired letter or number. |
| ♦ | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen without saving the changes made. |

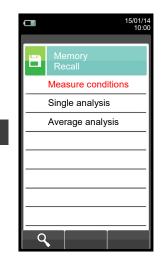
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION | |
|---------------|--|--|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. It is possible to select the number of the memory to use for the combustion analysis and/or to enter the information relative to the plant. | |
| Q | Recall memory. By activating this function, the user has the possibility to view the data present in the selected memory. Measurement conditions, single analysis, average analysis. SEE SECTION 10.4.1 | |
| Ä | Search function. Thanks to this function, the user has the possibility to quickly search for a specific analysis. The search can be carried out considering the memory number (by selecting the parameter "Memory"), the customer (by selecting one of the following parameters: "Customer", "Address", "Telephone" or "Generator") or the date (by selecting the parameter "Date"). | |
| ок | Confirms the settings and, if the search function is enabled, it starts the research. | |
| $\overline{}$ | In "Edit text" it confirms the input of the selected letter or number. | |
| × | In "Edit text" it cancels the letter or number that precedes the cursor. | |
| Aa# | In "Edit text" it goes from uppercase to lowercase, to symbols, to special characters. | |
| ▼ | Selects the memories within the range of the research carried out. | |
| A | Selects the memories within the range of the research carried out. | |



11.4.1 Memory Recall







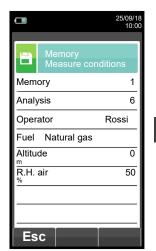
Q,

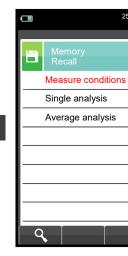
| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|----------|--|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| ♦ | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. | |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. | |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. | |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| Q | Displays the details of the selected parameter. |

1. Details of measurement conditions

Esc





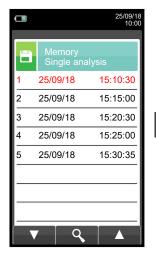
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. |



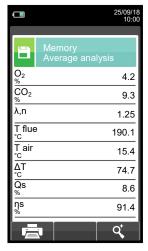




2. Details of Single analysis



Q



| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| \bigcirc | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. |
| \bigcirc | In "view detail" the previous or next pages are shown. |
| OK | Views the details of the selected parameter. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |
| + OK | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. |

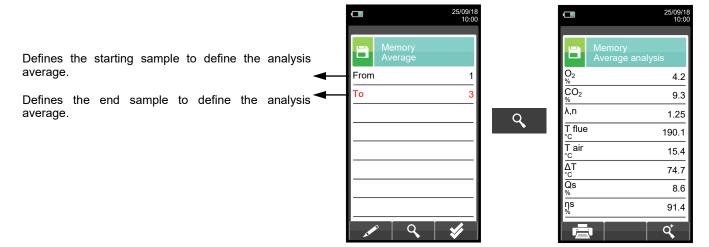
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| ▼ | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. |
| ٩ | Views the details of the selected parameter. |
| A | Selects line; the selected line is red. |
| ▼ | Goes to next page. |
| <u> </u> | Goes to previous page. |
| | Starts printing the test ticket. <u>See section 12.</u> |
| Q* | Zoom. By pressing this interactive key repeatedly, the device displays the following sequence: $ AAA \to AAA$ |







3. Average interval details



| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| > | In edit mode, it sets the number of the desired sample; the number to change is red. | |
| ♦♦ | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. | |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. | |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen without saving the changes made. | |
| + (OK) | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. | |

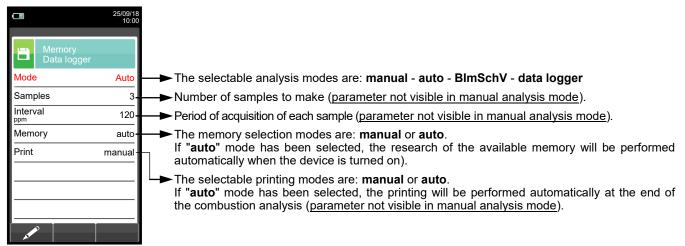
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------|--|--|
| | Enters edit mode: it is possible to select the number of the sample to use to have the average of the analysis carried out. | |
| ٩ | Shows the average analysis in the interval set. | |
| Q* | Zoom. By pressing this interactive key repeatedly, the device displays the following sequence: $AAA \to AAA \to AAA \to AAA \to AAA$ | |
| * | Sets all the samples of the analyses carried out: From 1 (first sample) T xxx (last sample). | |
| ок | Confirms the settings. | |
| | Starts printing the test ticket. <u>SEE SECTION 12</u> . | |





11.5 Memory Menu→Data logger





| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| ♦✓ | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. | |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. | |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. | |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------|--|--|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. | |
| ОК | Confirms the settings. | |





11.6 Memory→Delete





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ОК | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| • | Selects the available parameters. |

| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION |
|-----------|---|
| Single | This option allows the user to delete the contents of each individual memory; to do this, the user will have to confirm the operation so as to avoid losing previously saved data. SEE SECTION 11.6.1. |
| All | This option allows the user to delete the contents of the 99 memories; to do this, the user will have to confirm the operation so as to avoid losing previously saved data. SEE SECTION 11.6.2. |



11.6.1 Memory→Delete→Single





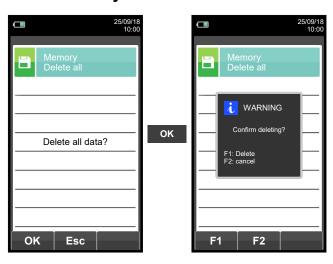
| KEY | FUNCTION |
|----------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| () () () | In "edit text"/"search for data"/"search for memory number": it moves the cursor on the box corresponding to the desired letter or number. |
| ♦ | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. In "Edit text" it confirms the input of the selected letter. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|--------------|--|
| Ä | Search function. Thanks to this function, the user has the possibility to quickly search for a specific analysis. The search can be carried out considering the memory number (by selecting the parameter "Memory"), the customer (by selecting one of the following parameters: "Customer", "Address", "Telephone" or "Generator") or the date (by selecting the parameter "Date"). |
| ок | Confirms the settings and, if the search function is enabled, it starts the research. |
| \checkmark | In "Edit text" it confirms the input of the selected letter or number. |
| × | In "Edit text" it cancels the letter or number that precedes the cursor. |
| Aa# | In "Edit text" it goes from uppercase to lowercase, to symbols, to special characters. |
| ▼ | Selects the memories within the range of the research carried out. |
| A | Selects the memories within the range of the research carried out. |
| Ē | Starts deleting the selected memory. |
| F1 | Deletes the selected memory. |
| F2 | Cancels the deleting and goes back to the previous page. |



11.6.2 Memory→Delete→All





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| (OK) | Start erasing all memories. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| ОК | Start erasing all memories. |
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. |
| F1 | Deletes all memories. |
| F2 | Cancels the deleting and returns to the previous page. |



11.7 Memory→Usage %





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| Esc | Returns to the previous screen. |



12.1 Print





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

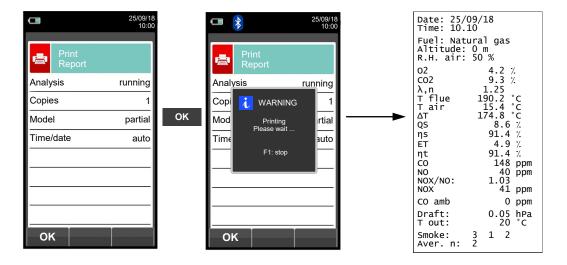
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ОК | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| > | Selects the available parameters. |

| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION | |
|-----------------|---|--|
| Report | Enables the Print Menu. Allows to print the combustion analysis data on a paper ticket which reports the measurement values. The printed values are those shown on the display when the menu is enabled. This menu can be used for combustion analysis, even when recalled from the memory, for draft, smoke, ambient gas and for tightness test results. SEE SECTION 12.2. | |
| Configuration | The user, by means of this menu, can configure the test report format: Copies: Allows to set the number of printed copies and layout of the paper print-out. Several copies of the test paper print-out can be printed, choosing among different layouts according to the information included. Report: The paper print-out layout selection is only valid for combustion analysis and can be chosen among Complete, Partial and Total. Paper print-outs for draft, smoke, ambient gas concentration and tightness test only allow a specific layout. Layouts options for combustion analysis are specified as described in the following: Full: includes a header with company data as well operator data previously programmed in the configuration menu, measurements sampled in the combustion analysis and, when sampled, the draft, smoke and CO ambient gas values. Partial: only reports the combustion analysis measurement values and information, without any header, comments or blank lines for operator comments. Total: prints full print-out of average values with individual test data. Date/Time: It allows you to define whether or not to print the date and time at which the combustion analysis was performed. Manual: The date and time are not printed in the header of the analysis report. It is the responsibility of the operator to enter the data manually. Auto: The date and time are printed in the header of the analysis report. | |
| P airing | Through this sub menu, the user can access to the association procedure between the instrument and a Bluetooth printer. The pairing procedure has to be done only once. SEE SECTION 12.4. | |
| Header | Allows to display the MAC code of the Bluetooth printer associated with the instrument. If the field is empty perform the pairing procedure. SEE SECTION 12.5. | |
| Printer | It allows the user to enter, in six lines of 24 characters the name of the Company or owner of the device or the information regarding the latter (e.g. address, telephone number), which will be printed in the header of the analysis report. SEE SECTION 12.6. | |
| Measures list | In this submenu the user has the possibility to view the list of measurements that the device performs. With the interactive keys, the user can add, delete or move a selected measurement. SEE SECTION 12.7. | |



12.2 Print→Report





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

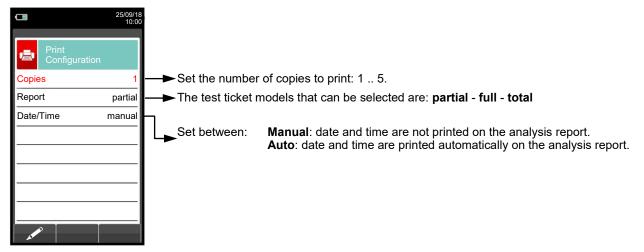
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|----------------------------------|
| ОК | Starts printing the test ticket. |
| F1 | Stops printing the test ticket. |





12.3 Print→Configuration





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♦♦ | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. In modification sets the value or the desired mode. |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. When in modify mode cancels the modification just made. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. |
| ОК | Confirms the settings. |

Example:







12.3.1 Print→Pairing





| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| ♠♥ | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. In modification sets the value or the desired mode. | |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. | |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. When in modify mode cancels the modification just made. | |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION | |
|---|--|--|
| • | Selects the available parameters. | |
| ок | Enters in the selected parameter setting. | |
| • | Selects the available parameters. | |
| F1 | Starts the search for Bluetooth devices. | |
| F2 | Quits and returns to the previous screen. | |
| N. C. | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. | |
| C | Repeats the pairing procedure. | |
| ОК | Confirms the settings. | |
| \checkmark | Confirms the selected letter or digit. | |
| × | Cancels the letter or digit before the cursor. | |
| Aa# | Cycles through uppercase, lowercase, symbols and special characters. | |

In the following pages the pairing procedure between the instrument and a Bluetooth printer is described.



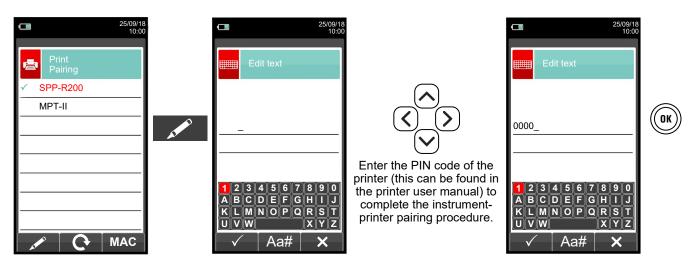




1. Once the Bluetooth printer is configured, proceed as follows:



2. Select the line corresponding to the desired Bluetooth printer, then proceed as follows:



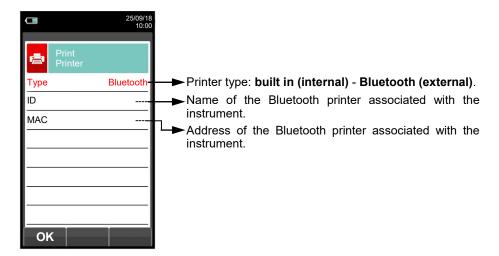
3. The instrument-printer pairing is completed. Press key ' (ESC) ' to return to the previous screen.





12.4 Print→Printer





| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| ♦♦ | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. In modification sets the value or the desired mode. | |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. | |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. When in modify mode cancels the modification just made. | |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. |
| OK | Confirms the settings. |





12.5 Print→Header





| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| () () () | In "edit text": It moves the cursor on the box corresponding to the letter or number required to form the desired word. | |
| ♠♥ | In edit mode it moves the cursor through the available lines. | |
| (OK) | In "edit text": it confirms the text input. In "Print header": It activates the context key displayed on the left. | |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. In "edit text" it goes back to the previous screen without saving the changes made. | |

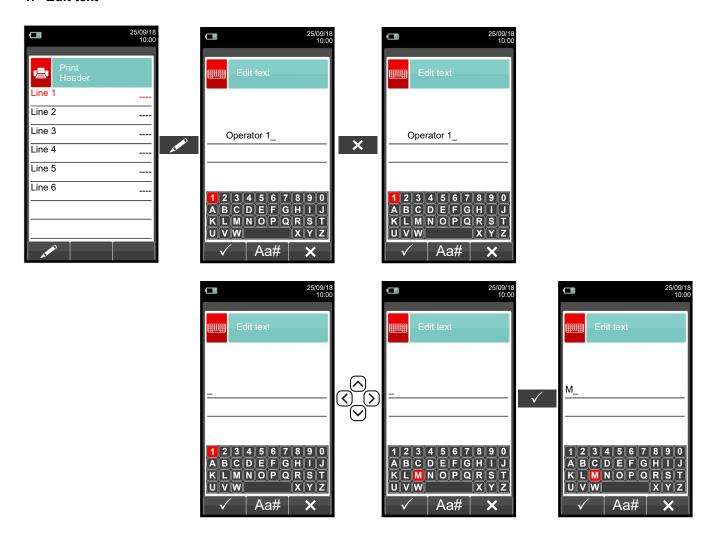
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION | |
|--------------|--|--|
| | Enters edit mode of the selected line: it is possible to enter the name of the operator (24 characters available). | |
| \checkmark | Confirms the selected letter or digit. | |
| × | Cancels the letter or digit before the cursor. | |
| Aa# | Cycles through uppercase, lowercase, symbols and special characters. | |





Example:

1. Edit text

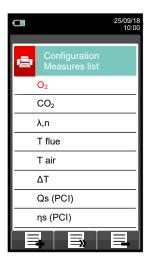






12.6 Print→Measures list





| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| ♠♥ | Selects the available measurements from the suggested list. In edit mode, it scrolls through the measurements present. | |
| (OK) | Confirms the modification. | |
| ESC | When pressed in modify mode cancels the selection made, otherwise returns to the previous screen. | |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION | |
|-------------|---|--|
| | Adds a measurement. | |
| | Moves the position of a measurement. | |
| 艮 | Deletes a measurement from the list. | |
| ▼ | Scrolls through the available measurements. | |
| ок | Confirms the change made. | |
| A | Scrolls through the available measurements. | |
| Esc | Cancels the change made. | |

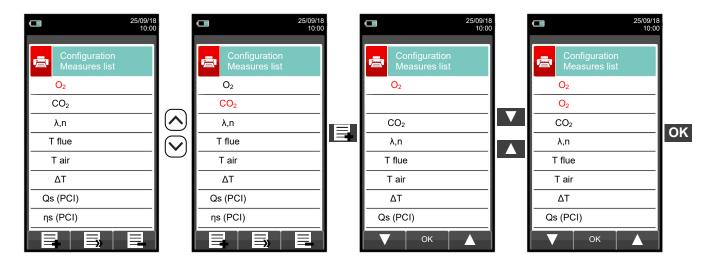




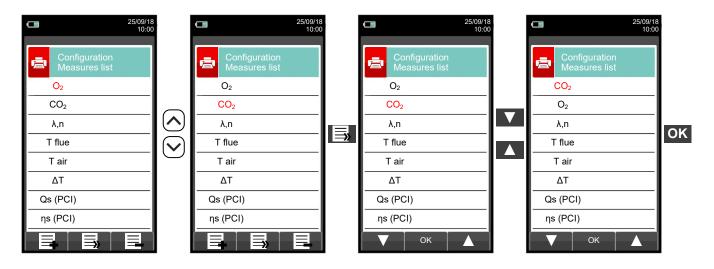
Example:



1. Add a measurement to the list



2. Move the position of a measurement



3. Deletes a measurement from the list







13.1 MEASUREMENTS





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ОК | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| > | Selects the available parameters. |

| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION | | |
|------------|---|--|--|
| ₽ | The DRAFT menu gives access to the stack draft measurement. Being a negative pressure, draft must be measured using the negative pressure input P The correct values for a natural draft boiler are therefore positive by definition. Before performing the measurement the instrument allows the user to input the external air temperature as required by the standard. When making the measurement and the temperature has been inserted, the instrument provides a stack draft value related (P diff ref) to the external temperature of 68° F as requested by law. When the inserted external temperature is higher than 68° F the instrument reports a stack draft value reference equal to the measured draft. Afterwards the user can acquire the value displayed in order to add it to the running analysis measurements or, alternatively, print the relevant paper print-out through the 'PRINT' menu. | | |
| Dian | NOTE: The measurement may not be accurate due to condensation inside the gas probe. Should you notice an inaccurate or unstable reading on the instrument, it is advisable to disconnect the gas probe from the instrument itself, and purge pipes by blowing with a compressor. In order to be sure there is no humidity, it is suggested to perform the measurement by means of the transparent rubber pipe supplied on issue. SEE SECTION 13.2. | | |
| Smoke | It is possible to enter the data concerning one to three Smoke Tests measurements taken by means of an optional device (AAPM02–Manual Smoke Pump Kit); see the relevant instructions. The method consists in taking a certain quantity of combustion gas from the middle of the flue behind the surfaces of the exchangers at the end of the boiler, and make it pass through a special filter paper. The soot stain obtained is compared with the surfaces blackened in a different way according to a comparison scale; it is thus determined the "soot number", which will be entered in the instrument by hand. These measurements can be either stored in memory together with the combustion analysis data or printed on a ticket. SEE SECTION 13.3. | | |
| | This type of analysis lets the user measure the CO value present in the environment, with the scope of checking the personal safety conditions of a specific working environment. The instrument leaves our factory with the following preset threshold values: | | |
| CO% | COmax: 35 ppm Recommended exposure limit (REL) stipulated by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), equivalent to 40 mg/m³ and calculated as an 8-hour Time-Weighted Average (TWA). | | |
| Ambient CO | It is compulsory to perform the autozero in the clean air, so that the ambient CO measurement is correct. It is advisable to turn on the instrument and wait for the autozero completion outside the area where the test is being performed. | | |
| | SEE SECTION 13.4. | | |







| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------|--|
| Temperature | With this menu it is possible to measure the temperature of the supply water, by means of an OPTIONAL thermocouple K-type contact probe to be connected to the input T1. Also, it is also possible to measure the temperature of the return water, by connecting an OPTIONAL thermocouple K-type contact probe to be connected to the input T1. With the function ΔT it is possible to obtain the relative temperature difference. SEE SECTION 13.5. |
| Pressure | It is possible, through the use of the external flexible pipe made in RAUCLAIR (supplied), to measure a pressure value within the range stated in the technical features (connect the pipe to P+ input). During the pressure measurement the 'HOLD' function is made available, which allows to 'freeze' the value shown on the display, by pressing 'HOLD' key. SEE SECTION 13.6. |
| Aux meas. | Through this menu the user can access additional measures. SEE SECTION 13.7. |





13.2 **Measurements**→**Draft**











To measure the draft proceed as follows:

- Connect the probe pressure input hose to the instrument P+ input.
- Enter the external air temperature.
- Before starting the pressure zeroing sequence pay attention to remove the gas probe from the stack.
- Having carried out the pressure zeroing sequence, insert the probe in the chimney and measure the draft.
- The draft values to be stored in the memory must be acquired before storing the analysis data.
 To attach the draft value to the readings of the current analysis, activate the "save" function ' .
 To print the test ticket with the value of the draft, activate the function '.
- It is possible to cancel an acquired draft from the memory; to overwrite a new one, activate the "save" function again
- After saving the draft measurement, to carry out the combustion analysis, press the key '

| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♦♦ | Sets the value of the external temperature. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |
| + (DK) | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. |

| CONTEXT KEY | | EY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|----|----|---|
| F1 | F2 | F3 | The activation of one of these keys starts the Draft measurement. |
| | 0 | | Carries out pressure zeroing. |
| | Ō | | Saves, in the memory selected in the "Memory Select" menu, the value of the draft measured. |
| | | | Starts printing the test ticket. <u>SEE SECTION 12.</u> |





13.3 **Measurements**→**Smoke**





- Measure the carbon black using the specific optional kit.
- Enter the values found.
- The values of the carbon black that you want to save must be acquired before saving the analyses.

- To join the values of the carbon black to the measurements of the current analysis use the ' To print the ticket with the measurement of the carbon black, activate the ' It is possible to delete the values of the carbon black acquired in the memory by overwriting them by activating the ' function again.
- After saving the carbon black values, to carry out the combustion analysis, press the key '

| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------------------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ♦♦ | Sets the "soot number" found by the device when measuring the carbon black. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |
| + OK | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. |

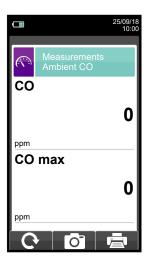
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|--|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. |
| OK | Confirms the value entered. |
| O | Saves, in the memory selected in the "Select Memory" menu, the values entered. |
| | Starts printing the ticket. SEE SECTION 12. |





13.4 Measurements→Ambient CO







It is compulsory to perform the autozero in the clean air, so that the ambient CO measurement is correct. It is advisable to turn on the instrument and wait for the autozero completion outside the area where the test is being performed.

- The values of the ambient CO that you want to save must be acquired before saving the analyses.

- To join the values of the ambient CO to the measurements of the current analysis use the " function.

 To print the ticket with the measurement of the ambient CO, activate the " function it is possible to delete a draft value acquired by the memory by overwriting it by activating the " " function again.
- After saving the draft values, to carry out the combustion analysis, press the key "

| KEY | FUNCTION |
|--------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |
| + (0K) | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. |

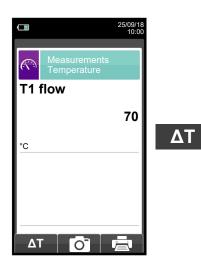
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| C | Updates the measurement. |
| O | Saves, in the memory selected in the "Select Memory" menu, the data acquired. |
| | Starts printing the ticket. SEE SECTION 12. |

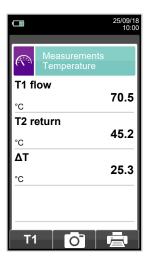




13.5 Measurements→Temperature







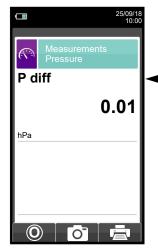
| KEY | FUNCTION |
|--------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |
| + (OK) | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| ΔΤ | Accesses the acquisition of the temperature difference between the supply water (measured by the probe connected to the connector T1 of the device) and the return water (measured by the probe connected to the connector T2 of the device). |
| T1 | Goes back to the visualization of the supply water temperature. |
| Ō | Saves, in the memory selected in the "Select Memory" menu, the data acquired. |
| | Starts printing the ticket. <u>SEE SECTION 12.</u> |



13.6 Measurements→Pressure





Measurement of the differential pressure by means of the internal pressure sensor.



Measurement of the —pressure by means of an external draft gauge.

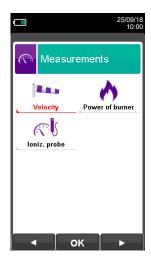
| KEY | FUNCTION |
|--------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |
| + (0K) | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| © | Performs pressure zeroing. |
| O | Saves, in the memory selected in the "Select Memory" menu, the data acquired. |
| | Starts Printing the ticket. <u>SEE SECTION 12.</u> |



13.7 Measurements→AUX measurements





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|---|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. |

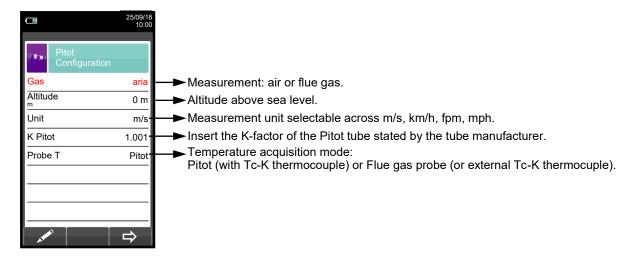
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| • | Selects the available parameters. |
| ОК | Enters in the selected parameter setting. |
| • | Selects the available parameters. |

| PARAMETER | DESCRIPTION | |
|-----------------|--|--|
| Velocity | When a Pitot tube and a Tc-K thermocouple are connected, the instrument is capable to measure at the same time both temperature and velocity of a gas (air/flue gas). SEE CHAPTER 13.8 | |
| Power of burner | Thermal power of the burner The measurement of the thermal power at the burner can be performed in different ways, depending on the type of fuel selected. Boilers using gaseous fuels FLOW: if the system is equipped with a volumetric flow meter just enter the value of the fuel volume flow (m³ / h). COUNTER: this mode can be used if the system is equipped with a volumetric flow meter. The volume flow is calculated by reading on the counter, while the generator is in steady operation, the volume of gas flown in a time interval of at least 120 s. MANUAL: if the procedure was provided by the manufacturer and appropriate instructions have been specified on the user manually. In the absence of counter or any other system for measuring the flow, the nominal thermal power of the boiler stated by the manufacturer is to be assumed as the proper value. Boilers using liquid fuels FLOW: the value of the mass flow rate (kg / h) of the fuel must be entered. MANUAL: if the procedure was provided by the manufacturer and appropriate instructions have been specified on the user manual, the operator can find out the thermal power of the burner and enter it manually. In the absence of counter or any other system for measuring the flow, the nominal thermal power of the boiler stated by the manufacturer is to be assumed as the proper value. SEE CHAPTER 13.9 | |
| loniz. probe | Connecting the ionization probe (optional) to the serial port, it will be possible to measure the ionization current in a burner and control the value according to the technical features of the burner. SEE CHAPTER 13.10 | |
| Ventilation | The menu VENTILATION allows to perform the test of the ventilation openings correct operation, through the measurement of the static differential pressure of the boiler room. When on verification mode, the difference between the atmospheric pressure measured at the beginning of the test and the average of the measures performed afterwards must be ≤4Pa. After this, it is possible to acquire the value shown on the display in order to add it to the measures of the current analysis or proceed with printing the correspondent ticket through the PRINT menu. SEE CHAPTER 13.11 | |



13.8 Measurements→Velocity





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|------------|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| \bigcirc | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. |
| \bigcirc | In edit mode, it sets the desired value. |
| (OK) | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. |
| (ESC) | Returns to the previous screen. |
| | When in modify mode cancels the modification just made. |
| + (OK) | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. |
| OK | Confirms the value entered. |
| ⇒ | Go to next step. |
| 0 | Make the zero for the measurement. |
| O | Saves, in the memory selected in the "Select Memory" menu, the data acquired. |
| | Starts printing the ticket. <u>SEE SECTION 12.</u> |



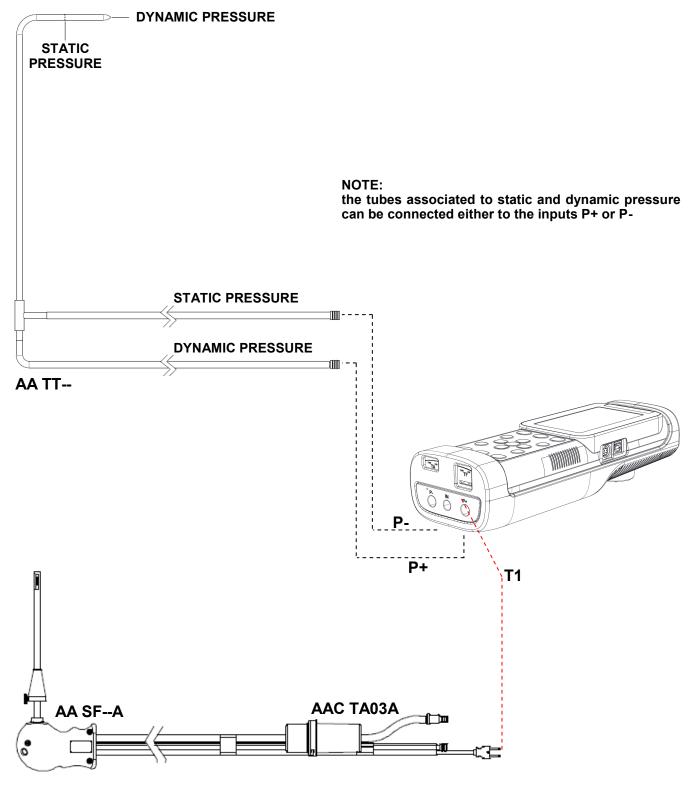


13.8.1 How to connect the Pitot tube to the instrument



- Connect the Pitot tube (accessory) to inputs P+ and P- (which are normally used for the differential pressure measurement)
- Connect the Tc-K thermocouple cable from the flue gas probe to connector T1 of the instrument.

WARNING: when a Pitot tube integrated to a Tc-K thermocouple is used, remember to connect the thermocouple connector to T1 input at instrument side. In this case the flue gas probe must not be connected.



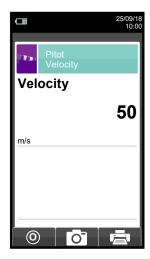


13.8.2 TEST EXECUTION

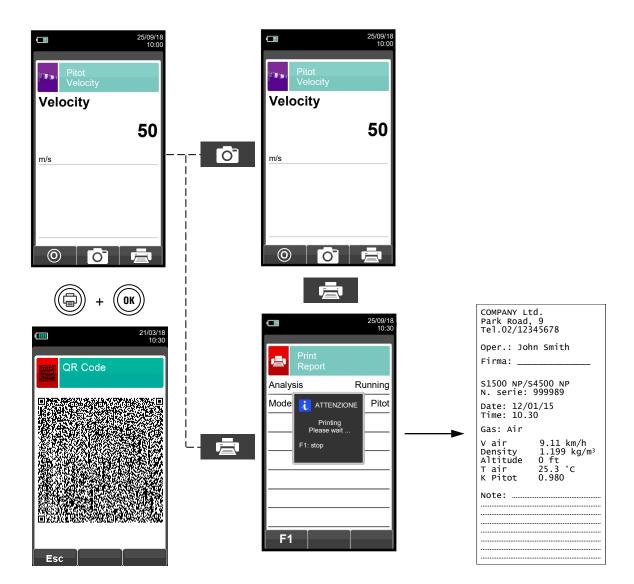








O



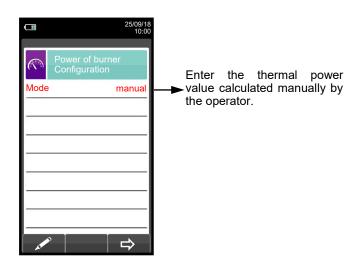
SCAN THE QR CODE USING THE "SEITRON SMART ANALYSIS APP" TO DOWNLOAD THE DATA.

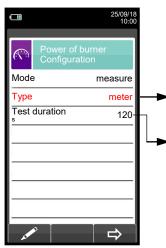




13.9 Measurements→Power of burner







Test mode: you can choose to calculate the thermal power by entering a flow value, or by reading the volumetric counter (gaseous fuels only).

Duration of test: the option is displayed only for the test mode 'COUNTER', available for gaseous fuels. It is possible to enter the number of seconds between the reading of the initial and final gas volume. The minimum time required by law is 120 s.

| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|------------|---|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| \Diamond | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. | |
| \bigcirc | When in modify mode, sets the desired value. | |
| () | In change moves the cursor to the box corresponding to the desired number to set the desired value. | |
| OK | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. | |
| (ESC) | Returns to the previous screen. | |
| | When in modify mode cancels the modification just made. | |

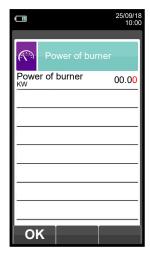
| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. |
| OK | Confirms the settings. |
| ⇒ | Go to next step. |
| O | Saves, in the memory selected in the "Memory Select" menu, the value of the draft measured. |
| Q | Stops the test. |

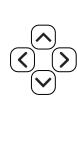


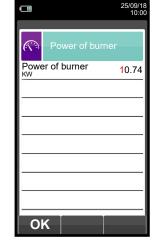
13.9.1 TESTING IN 'MANUAL' MODE













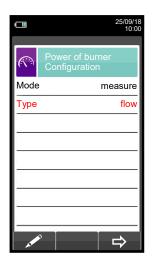






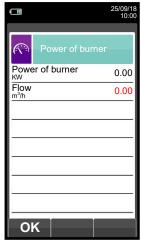
13.9.2 TESTING IN 'MEASURE' MODE (based on Flow rate)



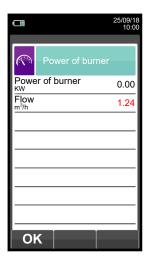














 \Rightarrow



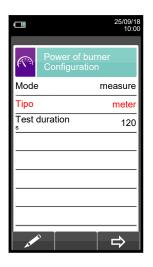




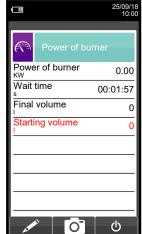
13.9.3 TESTING IN 'MEASURE' MODE (based on meter)

 \Rightarrow









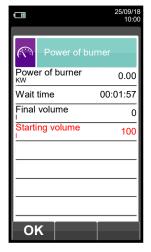
F3

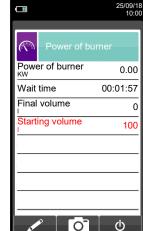
OK



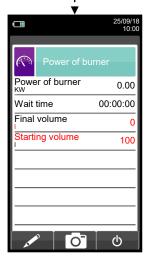


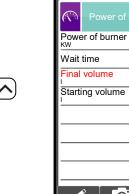


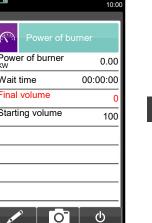




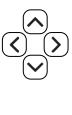
0



















OK







13.10 Measurements → Ionization Current Optional Ionization Probe Part # AACSO01 needed for this measurement

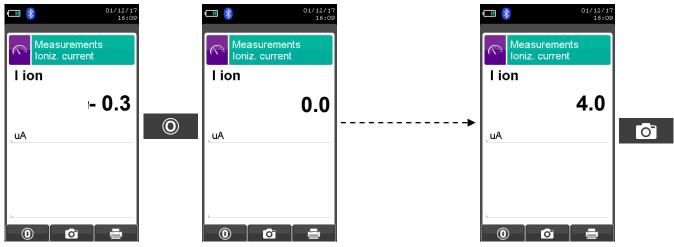




| KEY | FUNCTION | |
|------------|--|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. | |
| \Diamond | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. | |
| \bigcirc | In edit mode, it sets the desired value. | |
| OK | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. | |
| (ESC) | Returns to the previous screen. | |
| (E3C) | When in modify mode cancels the modification just made. | |
| + (OK) | Generates and shows on the display a QR code in order to download the data of the performed measure. | |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|-------------|---|
| 0 | Performs pressure zeroing. |
| O | Saves, in the memory selected in the "Select Memory" menu, the data acquired. |
| | Starts printing the ticket. See chapter 12. |

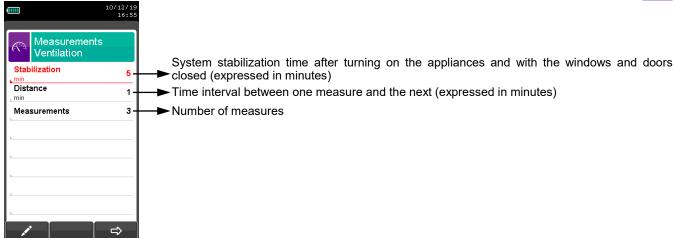
Example:





13.11 Measurements→Ventilation





| KEY | FUNCTION |
|-----|--|
| | Activate the context keys shown on the display. |
| | Selects line; the selected line is evidenced in red. |
| | In edit mode, it sets the desired value. |
| OK | Activates the context key located in the left side of the display. |
| ESC | Returns to the previous screen. When in modify mode cancels the modification just made. |

| CONTEXT KEY | FUNCTION |
|---------------|---|
| | Enters the modification mode for the selected parameter. |
| ОК | Confirms the inserted data. |
| \Rightarrow | Go to the next phase of the test. |
| C | Repeat the measure. |
| Ф | Interrupt the current phase. |
| O | Stores, on the memory selected on the menu "Memory Select", the result of the test. |
| | Print the ticket. <u>See chapter 12</u> . |



13.11.1 Test execution



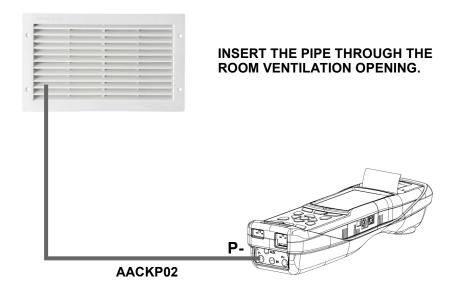




MODIFY THE SELECTED ROW













THE INSTRUMENT PERFORMS THE AUTO ZERO OF THE PRESSURE SENSOR.

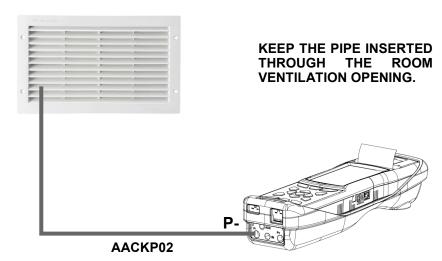






ONCE THE AUTO ZERO IS OVER PROCEED AS FOLLOWS:



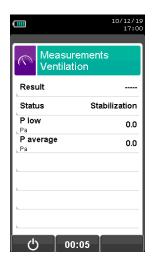




WARNING

ON THIS PHASE KEEP DOORS / WINDOWS COMMUNICATING WITH THE EXTERNAL OF THE ROOM OR ROOMS NEXT TO THIS LATTER, OPEN.





THE INSTRUMENT WAITS FOR THE SET STABILIZATION TIME AND WHEN THIS IS OVER PERFORMS THE 3 SET MEASUREMENTS.



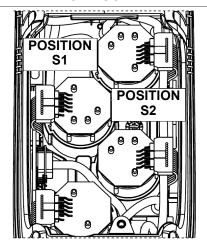
WHEN THE 3 MEASURES ARE DONE 3 THE DISPLAY SHOWS THE MEDIUM VALUE AND THE RESULT OF THE TEST.



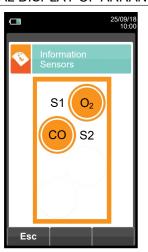


14.1 Sensors arrangement

SENSORS ARRANGEMENT INSIDE THE SENSORS COMPARTMENT



GRAPHICAL DISPLAY OF ARRANGEMENT



14.2 Sensor types and relevant positioning

| CODE | N S1 | S2 |
|---|------|----|
| Flex-Sensor O2 LL Cod. AACSE44 | ✓ | |
| Flex-Sensor O2 Cod. AACSE15 | ✓ | |
| Flex-Sensor CO+H2 low range Cod. AACSE24 | | ✓ |



14.3 Gas sensors life

The gas sensors used in this instrument are electrochemical: thus, when the relative gas is detected, a chemical reaction takes place inside them that generates an electrical current.

The electrical current acquired by the instrument is then converted into the corresponding gas concentration. Sensor life is strongly related to the consumption of the reagents within.

Sensor characteristics diminish as the reagents are consumed and when these have been used up completely the sensor must be replaced. The sensors must be recalibrated on a regular basis to assure measuring accuracy: recalibration can only be performed by a qualified SEITRON AMERICAS service centre.

Chart 14.4 illustrates the characteristics inherent to each sensor.

14.4 Gas sensors life table

| CODE | MEASURED GAS | IDENTIFYING (1) COLOR | AVERAGE LIFE | RECALIBRATION |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Flex-Sensor O2 LL Cod. AACSE44 | O ₂ Oxygen | | 48 months | not necessary |
| Flex-Sensor O2 Cod. AACSE15 | O ₂ Oxygen | | >24 months | not necessary |
| Flex-Sensor CO+H ₂ low range Cod. AACSE24 | CO Carbon Monoxide | Red | 48 months | Yearly |

Notes:

(1) Coloured dot on the sensor electronic board.

15.0 MAINTENANCE



15.1 Routine maintenance

This instrument was designed and manufactured using top-quality components. Proper and systematic maintenance will prevent the onset of malfunctions and will increase instrument life altogether.

The following basic requisites are to be respected:

- Do not expose the instrument to substantial thermal shocks before use. If this happens, wait for the temperature to return to normal working values.
- Do not extract flue gas samples directly without using a particulate/water trap.
- Do not exceed sensor overload thresholds.
- When the analysis is over disconnect the sample probe and let S1500-NP/ draw fresh air for a few minutes, or at least until the displayed parameters return to their original values.
- Clean the filter unit when necessary, replacing the particulate filter and applying a jet of air to the sample probe hose to eliminate any condensate that may have formed.

Do not clean the instrument with abrasive cleaners, thinners or other similar detergents.

15.2 Preventive maintenance

At least once a year send the instrument to a SERVICE CENTER for a complete overhaul and thorough internal cleaning.

SEITRON AMERICAS highly qualified staff is always at your disposal and will provide you with all the sales, technical, application and maintenance details required.

The service center will always return the instrument to you as new and in the shortest time possible. Calibration is performed using gases and instruments comparable with National and International Specimens. Annual servicing is accompanied by a specific calibration certificate that is a guarantee of perfect instrument performance.

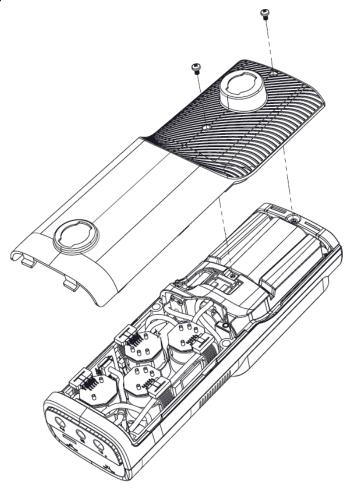




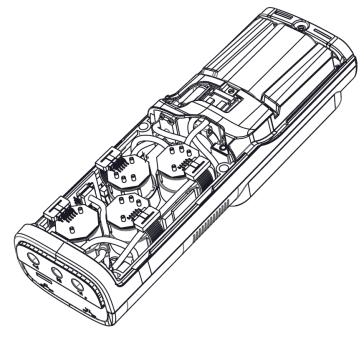
15.3 Replacing the gas sensorsThe gas sensors of the instrument shall be periodically replaced (see the following table) with new or recalibrated sensors.

The user can easily perform this replacement operation according to the following instructions:

1 Undo the two fixing screws on the sensor / battery compartment cover.



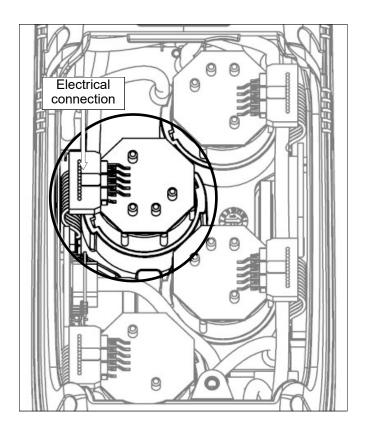
Extract the cover to have access to the sensor / battery compartment.



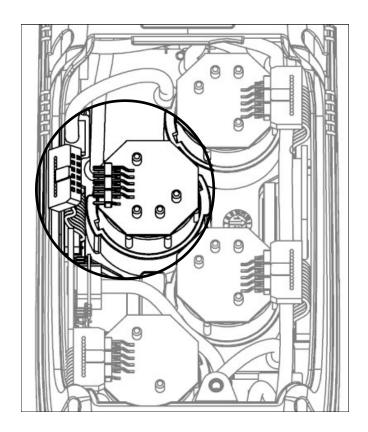




3 Locate the sensor to be replaced; here is an example of a connected sensor to be replaced.



4 Disconnect the sensor to be replaced; here is an example of a disconnected sensor to be replaced.

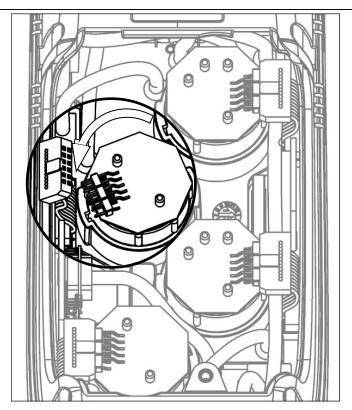




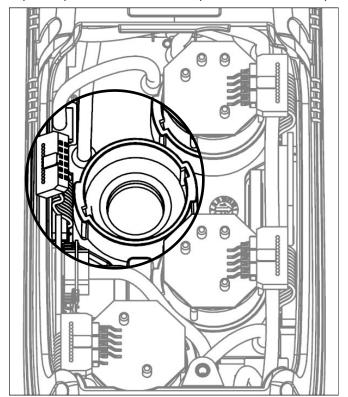
5 The sensor is bayonet-connected to its socket; rotate it anticlockwise to remove it. Here is an example of a rotated sensor.



While rotating the sensor, take care not to exert any pressure onto the printed circuit above: exert pressure only onto the plastic body.



6 After rotating the sensor, pull it upward; here is an example of the sensor compartment with a sensor removed.



Fit the sensor again taking care the electric connection is turned outside the instrument, not inside (See point 5).





8 Rotate the sensor clockwise until hearing a click (See point 4).



While rotating the sensor, take care not to exert any pressure onto the printed circuit above: exert pressure onto the plastic body only.

- **9** Reconnect the sensor (See point 3).
- Close the back door of the sensor compartment again, and tighten screws again (See point 1).

Turn on the instrument to check the new sensor works correctly through the menu "Sensor Troubleshooting". It is normal if a newly installed sensor gives a 'current error': it is necessary to wait some time, so that the sensor polarization can settle. The table here below shows the minimum settling time for each sensor.

| CODE | DETECTED GAS | POSITION | SETTLING TIME |
|--|--------------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| Flex-Sensor O2 LL Cod. AACSE44 | O ₂ Oxygen | S1 | 24 hours ⁽¹⁾ |
| Flex-Sensor O ₂ Cod. AACSE15 | O2 Oxygen | S1 | 2 hours ⁽¹⁾ |
| Flex-Sensor CO+H ₂ low range Cod. AACSE24 | CO Carbon Monoxide | S2 | 2 hours ⁽¹⁾ |

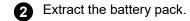
Note:

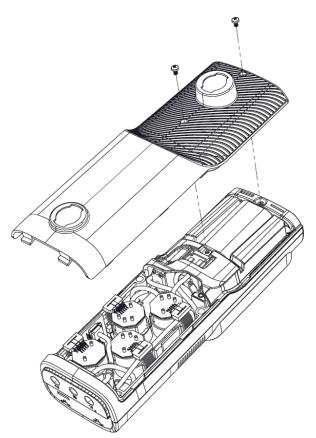
(1) 2 hours settling time is required.

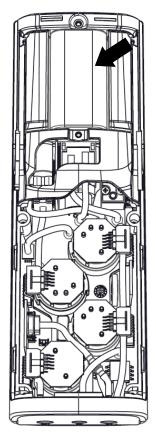


15.4 Replacing the battery packFollow these instructions to replace the battery pack:

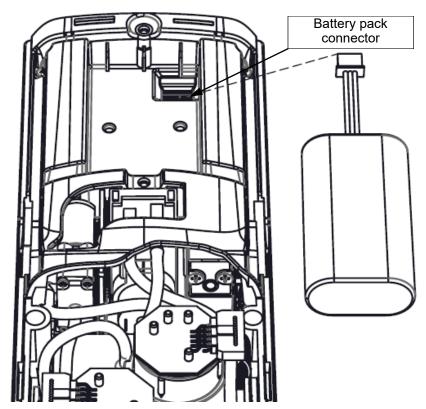
Remove the battery compartment cover.







Remove the battery pack connector, and replace the pack with a new one following the reverse procedure described above.



16.0 TROUBLESHOOTING



16.1 Troubleshooting guide

| SYMPTOM | PROBABLE CAUSES AND REMEDIES |
|--|---|
| The instrument does not work at all. When the On/Off pushbutton is pressed the instrument does not come on. | a. Keep the On/Off key depressed for at least 2 seconds. b. The battery is low; connect the battery charger to the instrument. c. The battery pack is not connected to the instrument; remove the cover from the battery compartment and connect the connector of the battery pack to the outlet on the printed circuit board. d. The instrument is faulty: send it to a service centre. |
| The battery symbol is empty on the inside. | The batteries are low. The instrument will remain on for a couple of minutes after which it will switch off; connect the battery charger. |
| After auto-calibration is complete the sensor diagnostics screen appears and gives an error for one or more sensors. | a. Auto-calibration took place while the flue gas was being sampled. b. The O₂ sensor is faulty, is not connected correctly or is not connected at all. Check the above points, also referring to sections 10.6.2, 10.7.1, 14.0. c. The sensor was not allowed the necessary adjustment time or the instrument was left with a low battery for too long. |
| A pressure sensor error is shown in the pressure/draft screen. | There is a calibration problem. Send the instrument to a service centre. |
| The analysis screen gives a flue gas temperature (Tf) error. | a. The thermocouple is not connected; connect the thermocouple to the analyser. b. The sensor has been exposed to temperatures greater or lower than its operating temperature range. c. The thermocouple is faulty. Send the complete probe to a service centre. |
| The following symbol "" appears on the analysis screen. | The instrument is not able to calculate a numerical value based on the flue gas analysis conducted. The "" are replaced by numbers when the analyser detects valid combustion data. |
| "Max. Lim." or "Min. Lim" appears on the analysis screen. | The relative sensor is detecting a value that is beyond the analyser's measuring range. "Max. Lim" or "Min. Lim." are replaced by numbers when the instrument reveals values that are within the measuring range. |
| The sample pump sounds as though it is running slowly, tends to stop or does not even start. | a. Sample flow is obstructed. Check that the water filter is clean and that it is not completely soaked. Also check that the hose connected to the probe is not crushed. b. Sample intake flow is obstructed. Check that the particulate filter is clean. c. The pump is not connected as it should be. Remove the rear flap and check that the pump's electrical connector is connected to the printed circuit board. d. Pump is faulty. Replace the pump unit. e. Pump is disabled. The key combination (A) + (B) has been pressed. To re-enable the pump, switch off the instrument and then switch it on again. |





Troubleshooting guide

| SYMPTOM | PROBABLE CAUSES AND REMEDIES | |
|---|--|--|
| The rear lighting of the display is not on. | The backlighting LED's are faulty. Contact the nearest service centre to replace the display. | |
| The batteries last less than 9 hours. | a. Battery capacity is limited by low temperatures. To achieve a longer battery life it is recommended to store the instrument at higher temperatures. b. The battery pack is old. Battery capacity tends to diminish with age. If battery life has become unacceptable, replace the battery pack. | |
| The values shown in the analysis screen are not reliable. | a. Sensor/s is/are faulty. Check that the sensors are installed correctly by accessing the sensor diagnostics menu. b. The sample probe connection presents a leak. Check all joints and the conditions of the hose. c. Pump is faulty. Replace the pump unit. d. The instrument is faulty: Send it to a service centre for repair. | |
| During the tightness test a "sensor error" is reported. | Check for the correct connection of the hose to the positive pressure input. | |



17.0 SPARE PARTS AND SERVICING

17.1 Spare parts

| AAC BF01 | Sensor junction block |
|-------------|---|
| AAC FA01 | Particulate filter |
| AA PB01 | Li-lon 3,7V 4,8Ah battery pack |
| AA RC10 | Inalterable thermal paper roll, h=57mm Diam.=40mm |
| AAC ADX 005 | Dummy sensor |
| AAC SE44 | FLEX-Sensor O2 long life, pre-calibrated and interchangeable |
| AAC SE15 | FLEX-Sensor O ₂ , pre-calibrated and interchangeable (Standard 2-Year O ₂ sensor) |
| AAC SE24 | FLEX-Sensor CO+H2 low range, pre-calibrated and interchangeable |





17.2 Accessories

| AA KA01 | AC Power Adapter Kit For ALL Analyzers (Power adapter w/ US plug adapter + USB A / USB B cable) |
|-----------|---|
| AA CR10 | Rigid plastic case |
| AA ZN01 | Back-pack |
| AAC CT01 | Case with shoulder strap |
| AAC DP02 | Micromanometer for Draft test |
| AAC KP01 | Differential pressure kit |
| AA PM02 | Manual pump kit for smoke measurement |
| AA SA08 | Outdoor Primary Air Temp TcK Probe for Condensing Systems (8") w/ 6.5' (2 m) cable |
| AA SF61A | 7.1" gas probe, maximum working temperature: 752°F, with 9.8 ft. cable |
| AA SF51A | 7.1" gas probe, maximum working temperature: 752°F, with 6.6 ft. cable |
| AA SF62A | 11.8" gas probe, maximum working temperature: 1112°F, with 9.8 ft. cable |
| AA SF52A | 11.8" gas probe, maximum working temperature: 1112°F, with 6.6 ft. cable |
| AA SF65A | 29.5" gas probe, maximum working temperature: 1472°F, with 9.8 ft. cable |
| AA SF66A | 39.4" gas probe, maximum working temperature: 2192°F, with 9.8 ft. cable |
| AA SX01 | Gas sampling probe for average CO, 11.8" mm with 6.6 ft. cable |
| AA SX02 | Probe for industrial motors, 29.5" with 9.8 ft. cable |
| AA SL05A | 11.8" flexible gas probe, 266°F extended temperature range, with 6.6 ft. cable |
| AA SC01 | Probe for ambient CO measurement |
| AA SG01 | Probe for leaks detection |
| AAC SO01 | Probe for measuring the ionisation current |
| AA SP01 | Protective screen for gas sampling probe |
| AAC EX01 | 10ft' (3m) Extension Hose for all gas analyzer probes |
| AA SM10 | Rubber protecting cover |
| AA SW08 | Configuration software kit (USB + PC cable) |
| AAC TA03 | Particulate/water filter assembly |
| AAC TA03A | Particulate/water filter assembly with steel pipe and connector |
| AA UA01 | Adapter cable USB-A / USB-B |
| AA TT01 | 'L' shaped Pitot Tube (without Tc-K thermocouple): length 300mm - external ø 6 mm. Supplied with two silicone tubes with length 2 meters. |
| AA TT02 | 'L' shaped Pitot Tube (without Tc-K thermocouple): length 800mm - external ø 6 mm. Supplied with two silicone tubes with length 2 meters. |
| AA TT03 | 36" (900mm) S-Type Pitot Tube for Gas Velocity |
| SP 4500 | S-Probe attachment for forklifts and small engines |





17.3 Service Centers **Seitron Americas Inc.**

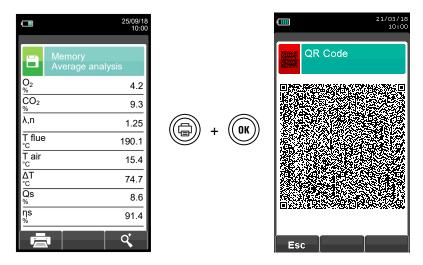
4622 Street Rd. Trevose PA 19053 - USA

Tel.: (215) 660-9777
Fax.: (215) 660-9770
E-mail: service@seitronamericas.com
http://www.seitronamericas.com





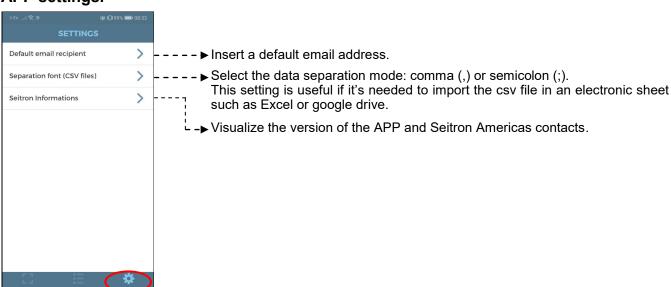
Data Management with "SEITRON SMART ANALYSIS" APP



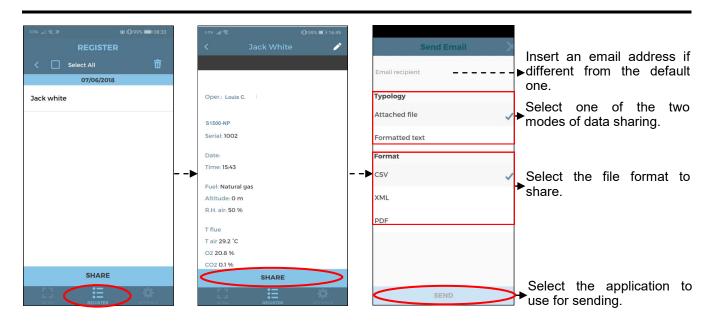
SCAN THE QR CODE USING "SEITRON SMART ANALYSIS" APP IN ORDER TO DOWNLOAD ALL THE ACQUIRED DATA.



APP settings.







Example of the exported csv file and imported in an Excel file:

| S1500-NP | | |
|-------------|-------------|-----|
| Serial num. | 1100 | |
| Date | 22/12/2017 | |
| Time | 12:00 | |
| Fuel | Natural Gas | |
| Altitude | 0.000000 | m |
| RH air | 50 | % |
| 02 | 15.7 | % |
| СО | 23 | ppm |
| CO2 | 2.9 | % |
| T flue | 100.6 | °C |
| T air | 27.0 | °C |
| ης | 90.0 | % |
| NO | 0.000 | mV |
| CO-SEN | 258.270 | mV |
| 02 | 1.131.867 | mV |
| l sen | 0.000 | uA |
| l sen | 0.000 | uA |
| l sen | 100.346 | uA |
| T az | 22.5 | °C |
| ΔΤ | 73.6 | °C |
| Qs | 10.0 | % |
| λ,n | 4.01 | |
| Exc. air | 4.01 | |
| ης | 0.0 | % |
| ηt | 90.0 | % |
| Qs (PCS) | 10.0 | % |
| Qt (PCS) | 10.0 | % |
| ηs (PCS) | 90.0 | % |
| ηc (PCS) | 0.0 | % |
| ηt (PCS) | 90.0 | % |
| NO | 0 | ppm |
| NOx | 0 | ppm |
| CO (0.0%) | 0 | ppm |
| NO (0.0%) | 0 | ppm |
| NOx (0.0%) | | ppm |
| Draft | 4.5 | Pa |



Example of Total analysis report.

| Analysis: 1 04/03/16 10.00 | |
|---|--|
| O2 CO2 λ,n T flue T air ΔT QS ηs ηc ηt CO NO NOx Ref. O2: CO ref Ref. O2: NO ref Ref. O2: No ref: Tiraggio T ext. | 15.7 % 2.9 % 4.01 100.4 °C 27.0 °C 73.4 °C 10.0 % 90.0 % 0.0 % 90.0 % 23 ppm 14 ppm 15 ppm 0.0 % 92 ppm 0.0 % 52 ppm 0.0 % 56 ppm 4.5 Pa 10.0 °C |
| Analysis: 2 04/03/16 10.15 | |
| O2 CO2 λ,n T flue T air ΔT QS ηs ηc ηt CO NO NOx Ref. O2: CO ref Ref. O2: NO ref Ref. O2: NO ref T rext. | 15.7 % 2.9 % 4.01 100.6 °C 27.0 °C 73.6 °C 10.0 % 90.0 % 0.0 % 90.0 % 23 ppm 14 ppm 15 ppm 0.0 % 92 ppm 0.0 % 56 ppm 0.0 % 60 ppm 4.5 Pa 10.0 °C |
| Analysis: 3 04/03/16 10.20 | |
| O ₂ CO ₂ λ,n T flue T air ΔT QS | 15.7 % 2.9 % 4.01 100.8 °C 27.0 °C 73.8 °C 10.1 % |

| ηs | 89.9 % |
|-----------|---------|
| ης | 0.0 % |
| ηt | 89.9 % |
| CO | 23 ppm |
| NO | 14 ppm |
| NOx | 15 ppm |
| Ref. O2: | 0.0 % |
| co ref | 92 ppm |
| Ref. O2: | 0.0 % |
| NO ref | 56 ppm |
| Ref. O2: | 0.0 % |
| NOx ref.: | 60 ppm |
| Draft | 4.5 Pa |
| T ext. | 10.0 °C |
| | |



Example of Full analysis report.

COMPANY Ltd. Park Road, 9 Tel.02/12345678 Oper.: John Smith Sign.: _ S1500 NP Serial: 999989 Memory: 01 Analysis: Average Date: 04/04/14 Time: 10.30 Fuel: Natural gas Altitude: 0 m R.H. air: 50 % **O**2 15.9 % 2.8 ppm **CO**2 4.18 λ,n T´flue T air 80.6 26.9 °C 53.7 % ΔT 7.6 % 92.4 % Qs ηs 0.0 % ηc 92.4 % ηt CO 27 ppm 11 ppm 12 ppm 0.0 % NO NOx Ref. O2: 113 ppm 0.0 % co ref Ref. O2: 46 ppm 0.0 % NO ref Ref. O2: NOx ref.: 50 ppm 4.5 Pa Draft 10.0 °C T ext.

Example of Partial Paper print-out.

Date: 04/04/14 Time: 10.15 Fuel: Natural gas Altitude: 0 m R.H. air: 50 % 15.7 % CO₂ 2.9 ppm 4.01 λ,n T flue 95.4 °C 26.9 °C 68.5 % T air ΔT $\begin{smallmatrix}9.3&\%\\90.7&\%\end{smallmatrix}$ Qs ηs 0.0 % ηc 90.7 % ηt CO 23 ppm 13 ppm NO 14 ppm NOx Ref. O2: 0.0 % 92 ppm 0.0 % co ref Ref. O2: 52 ppm 0.0 % NO ref Ref. O2: NOx ref.: 56 ppm 4.5 Pa Smoke 10.0 °C T ext. Smoke: 3 1 Aver n°:

Example of Draft Paper print-out.





Example of Smoke Paper print-out.

Example of ambient CO Paper print-out.

Example of Velocity Paper print-out.

| COMPANY Ltd. Park Road, 9 Tel.02/12345678 |
|---|
| Oper.: John Smith |
| Sign.: |
| S1500 NP Serial: 999989 Memory: 01 |
| Date: 04/04/14 Time: 10.30 |
| Gas: Air |
| V air 9.11 km/h Density 1.199 kg/m³ Altitude 0 ft T air 25.3 °C K Pitot 0.980 |
| Note: |
| |
| V2000000000 |





Coefficients of the fuels and Formulas

The following chart lists the coefficients of the memorised fuels, used for calculating losses and efficiencies. Details of the coefficients of the fuels:

| Coefficients for calculating combustion efficiency | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------|-------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Fuel | A1 USA | В | CO2t (%) | PCI (KJ/Kg) | PCS (KJ/Kg) | M air (Kg/Kg) | M H ₂ O (Kg/Kg) | V dry gas (m³/Kg) |
| Natural Gas | 0.0280 | 0.0090 | 11.70 | 50050 | 55550 | 17.17 | 2.250 | 11.94 |
| #2 Oil | 0.0305 | 0.0066 | 15.70 | 42900 | 45700 | 14.30 | 1.136 | 10.34 |
| #4 Oil | 0.0306 | 0.0066 | 15.80 | 41100 | 43500 | 13.80 | 0.973 | 10.06 |
| #6 Oil | 0.0346 | 0.0048 | 16.00 | 39800 | 42197 | 13.61 | 0.981 | 9.97 |
| Diesel | 0.0305 | 0.0066 | 15.70 | 42900 | 45700 | 14.30 | 1.136 | 10.34 |
| Wood/Pellets 8% | 0.0354 | 0.0071 | 19.01 | 18150 | 19750 | 6.02 | 0.660 | 4.58 |
| Bagasse | 0.0395 | 0.0219 | 20.45 | 6950 | 8834 | 2.50 | 0.779 | 1.93 |
| Coal | 0.0320 | 0.0000 | 18.60 | 31400 | 32300 | 10.70 | 0.370 | 8.14 |
| Biogas | 0.0353 | 0.0091 | 17.33 | 17800 | 19800 | 6.08 | 0.830 | 4.55 |
| Bio-Fuel 5% | 0.0305 | 0.0066 | 15.70 | 42600 | 45400 | 14.22 | 1.133 | 10.64 |
| Butane | 0.0277 | 0.0073 | 14.00 | 45360 | 49150 | 15.38 | 1.548 | 10.99 |
| Propane | 0.0277 | 0.0073 | 13.70 | 45950 | 49950 | 15.61 | 1.638 | 11.11 |

- CO2 t: The value of CO₂ generated by combustion in stoichiometric condition, i.e. without excess Oxygen and therefore maximum.
- A1, B: Also please have a look at the Siegert formulas (in the following).

A1 is the parameter in the Siegert Formula when the O₂ measurement is available.

Note: - Please also consider that in the U.S. usually the A1 parameter is the same as the 'european' A1 BUT divided by 2.

Flue gas heat losses are calculated from measured oxygen content according to the relationship:

$$q_A = (t_A - t_L) \times \left(A1 \frac{21}{21 - O_2} + B \right)$$

Flue gas heat losses are calculated from measured carbon dioxide content according to the relationship:

$$q_A = (t_A - t_L) \times \left(A1 \frac{CO_2t}{CO_2} + B \right)$$

Air index is calculated with the formula:

 $\lambda=21/(21-0_2)$, where O_2 is the oxygen residual concentration in the combustion smokes.

Air excess is calculated with the formula:

$$e=(\lambda-1)*100$$

- CO conv: Conversion coefficient from ppm to mg/KWh. It can be expressed as a function of the gas density (CO in this case) and the volume of the dry smoke.
- NO conv: Same as CO conv, but for NO.
- NOx conv: Same as CO conv, but for NOx.
- SO2 conv: Same as CO conv, but for SO2.
- PCI: Potere Calorifico Inferiore. Italian for LHV (Lower Heating Value).
- PCS: Potere Calorifico Superiore. Italian for HHV (Higher Heating Value).
- m H2O: Mass of the air produced (per each Kg of fuel) in the combustion in stoichiometric condition.
- m Air: Mass of the air needed for combustion in stoichiometric condition.
- V g.d.: Volume of dry smokes produced in the combustion.





Optional measures list:

| MEASURE | DEFINITION |
|--------------------------|---|
| λ, n | Air index (defined as λ, sometimes also indicated as n). |
| е | Air excess. Expressed as a percentage according to the formula in the appendix C, is the ratio between the volume of air actually entering the combustion chamber and the one theoretically needed. |
| ΔΤ | Differential temperature: It is the difference between the smoke temperature and the air combustion temperature. |
| Qs (LHV) | Stack losses in relation to the Lower Heating Value: It is the percentage of dissipated heat through the stack referred to the lower heating value (LHV). |
| Qs (HHV) | Stack losses in relation to the Higher Heating Value: It is the percentage of dissipated heat through the stack referred to the higher heating value (HHV). |
| ηs (LHV) | Sensible efficiency in relation to the Lower Heating Value: It is the burner efficiency calculated as the ratio between conventional heating power and the burner heating power. Among the combustion losses, only the sensible heat lost with flue gasses is taken into account, thus neglecting the radiation losses and incomplete combustion losses. This value is referred to the Lower Heating Value (LHV) of the fuel and cannot exceed 100%. The sensible efficiency value is to be compared against minimum efficiency stated for the heating system performances. |
| ηs (HHV) | Sensible efficiency in relation to the Higher Heating Value: It is the burner efficiency calculated as the ratio between conventional heating power and the burner heating power. Among the combustion losses, only the sensible heat lost with flue gasses is taken into account, thus neglecting the radiation losses and incomplete combustion losses. This value is referred to the Higher Heating Value (HHV) of the fuel and cannot exceed 100%. The sensible efficiency value is to be compared against minimum efficiency stated for the heating system performances. |
| ηc (LHV) | Condensation efficiency in relation to the Lower Heating Value: Efficiency deriving from the condensation of water vapor contained in flue gases, and it is referred to the LHV. |
| ηc (HHV) | Condensation efficiency in relation to the Higher Heating Value: Efficiency deriving from the condensation of water vapor contained in flue gases referred to the HHV. |
| ηt (LHV) ηt = ηs + ηc | Total efficiency in relation to the Lower Heating Value: Total efficiency. It is the sum of sensible efficiency and condensation efficiency. It is referred to LHV (Lower Heating Value) and can exceed 100%. |



| MEASURE | DEFINITION |
|-------------------|---|
| m4 (LILIVA) | Total efficiency in relation to the Higher Heating Value: |
| ηt (HHV) | Total efficiency. It is the sum of sensible efficiency and condensation efficiency. It is referred to HHV (Higher Heating Value) and can not exceed 100%. |
| Qt (HHV) | Total stack losses: |
| | It is the total heat percentage dissipated through the stack. |
| NOx | Measure of nitrogen oxides quantity; the measurement unit can be set in the special menu. |
| NOx ppm | Measure of nitrogen oxides quantity; the measurement unit can not be set but it is fixed in ppm. |
| NOx (rif. O2) | Measure of nitrogen oxides quantity referring to O2; the measurement unit can be set in the special menu. |
| NOx (rif. O2) ppm | Measure of nitrogen oxides quantity referring to O2; the measurement unit can not be set but it is fixed in ppm. |
| D. | Poison Index (CO/CO2 ratio): |
| PI | It is defined as the ratio between CO and CO2 useful to determine whether the system needs maintenance. |
| со | CO quantity measurement. Measurement units: ppm - mg/m³ - mg/kWh - g/GJ - g/m³ - mg/kWh - % - ng/J |
| CO (RIF) | CO quantity measurement with O2 reference. Measurement units: ppm - mg/m³ - mg/kWh - g/GJ - g/m³ - g/kWh - % - ng/J |



OTHER THAN THE MEASUREMENT LIST ABOVE, IT IS POSSIBLE TO VISUALIZE THE MEASURE OF THE DETECTED GAS ALSO IN PPM, DEPENDING ON THE KIND OF MEASUREMENT CELL IN THE INSTRUMENT. IF IT IS NECESSARY TO MEASURE THE VALUE OF GAS WITH TWO DIFFERENT MEASUREMENT UNITS, SELECT IN THE MEASUREMENTS LIST THE DESIRED GAS IN PPM AND CHANGE THE MEASUREMENT UNIT FOR THE SAME GAS IN THE "CONFIGURATION->ANALYSIS->MEASUREMENT UNIT" SCREEN. NOW THE INSTRUMENT ACQUIRES THE MEASURE WITH TWO DIFFERENT UNITS (PPM AND THE ONE PREVIOUSLY SET)

WARRANTY CERTIFICATE

WARRANTY

The **S1500-NP** flue gas analyzer is guaranteed for <u>48 months</u> from purchasing date; including the internal electro-chemical sensors which are also guaranteed for <u>48 months</u> from purchasing date.

Seitron Americas undertakes to repair or replace, free of charge, those parts that, in its opinion, are found to be faulty during the warranty period. The products which are found defective during the above mentioned periods of time have to be delivered to Seitron Americas Laboratories carriage paid. The following cases are not covered by this warranty: accidental breakage due to transport, inappropriate use or use that does not comply with the indications in the product's instruction leaflet.

Any mistreatment, repairs and modifications to the product not explicitly authorized by Seitron Americas shall invalidate the present warranty.

IMPORTANT

For the product to be repaired under Warranty, please send a copy of this Certificate along with the instrument to be repaired, together with a brief explanation of the fault observed.

| Space reserved for user | | |
|-------------------------|-------|------|
| | | |
| Name: | | - // |
| Company: | | |
| | | |
| User's notes: | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Detail | C.N. | |
| Date: | S.N.: | |
| | | |



seitron Americas

4622 E. Street Rd, Trevose PA 19053 - USA - Tel. (215) 660-9777 - Email: service@seitronamericas.com

Distributed by:

Temperature & Process Instruments, Inc.

1767 Central Park Ave. Suite 112 Yonkers, NY 10703

Phone: 914-673-0333

Web Site: www.tnp-instruments.com

Seitron Americas Inc.

4622 Street Rd. Trevose, PA 19053 - USA

Tel: (215) 660-9777 Fax: (215) 660-9770 service@seitronamericas.com - www.seitronamericas.com